2024 Ocean Decade Conference Science – the key to unlocking change 12 April 2024

How cooperation delivers the science we need for the ocean we want?

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Mediterranean Action Plan Barcelona Convention

SciNMeet: The Mediterranean Ocean Decade Programme





145Subscribing partners27 countries

The Science We Need for the Mediterranean Sea We Want (SciNMeet) Programme will address major Mediterranean challenges and gaps in scientific knowledge with the aim to better understand and manage impacts of climate change, pollution, overexploitation of resources, and marine hazards on the marine environment to contribute to maintenance of ecosystems' functioning and the sustainability of relevant economic operations. Increasing education, awareness and international collaboration, by mobilizing the scientific community, policy-makers, private sector and society at large, the Programme will address the Ocean Decade's seven outcomes and contribute to the implementation of the Agenda 2030.

[Proposal available at https://cloud.cnr.it/owncloud/index.php/s/DMIJtyINTchnKDB]







Organizations promoting the co-design of SciNMEET







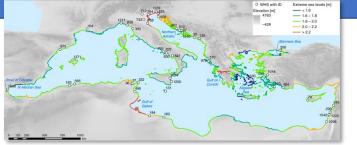


What makes the Mediterranean Sea unique?

- The Mediterranean Sea is a semi-enclosed Seas
- MED covers only 0.82 % of the world's ocean surface, but experience dynamical processes
- MED is surrounded by 22 countries
- > 450 million people live in coastal areas of the Mediterranean, living across three continents: Africa, Asia and Europe
- basin has a long history, and an extremely rich natural and cultural heritage.
- 30% of global maritime traffic, via the Suez Canal.
- bout 60 offshore oil rigs for exploration and exploitation of hydrocarbons
- the world's largest tourist region, attracting about 30% of international tourism.
- Mediterranean marine ecosystems are under significant pressure.
- Climate Change effect seems to be amplified in Mediterranean Region











High-level Objectives



Enhancing cooperation opportunities towards optimal partnerships by elaborating shared regional strategic roadmap Mediterranean the for Decade and beyond

Promoting the co-design co-production and of solutions to the problems caused by climate change, pollution and marine hazard faced by the basin

Keeping the marine space under permanent review and ensuring reliable data on the state of marine environment and the use of the sea

Providing satellite systems

integrated, long-term, in situ and observations modelling reanalysis and predictions

Promoting regional and national initiative(s) to fill the gap of sustained in situ observations of Essential Ocean Variables (EOVs)

innovation also to contribute

Facilitating access to data and equipment, know-how transfer, and unlocking potentials for blue capacitydevelopment including the promotion equal opportunities



building and Ocean Literacy

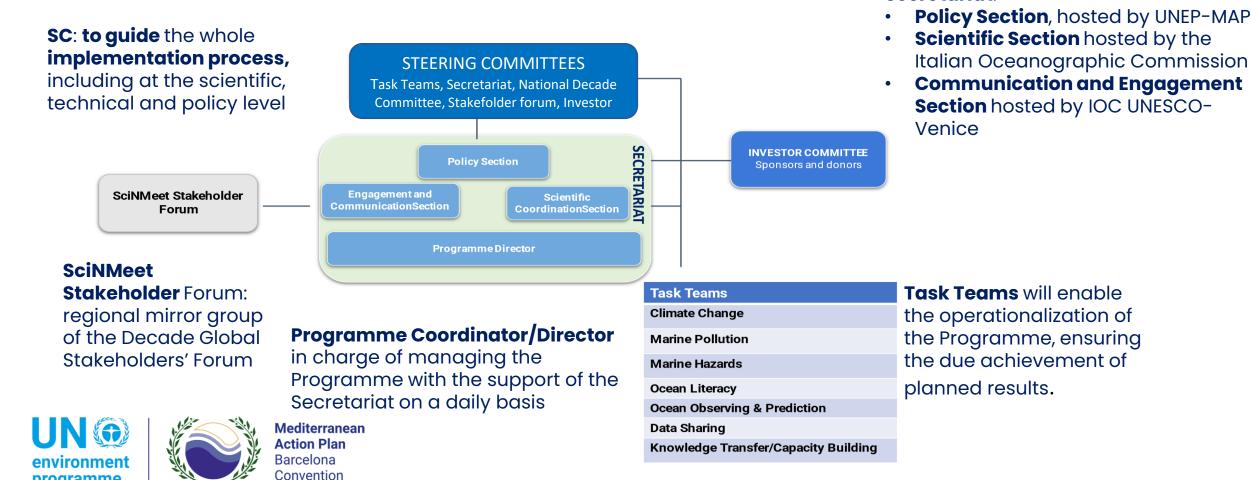
Narrowing the gaps between the North and South Mediterranean shores reinforcing partnerships and transboundary cooperation and contributing to reduce inequalities

Xavier Prache SciNMeet governing structure and bodies

programme

The SciNMeet programme needs to establish a **flexible and functional governance** system The governance system will guarantee shared decision making, exploration of/awareness on funding opportunities, and reporting by the various parts of the Programme.

Secretariat:



2023 MED QSR:

UNEP/MAP a regional cooperation node to advance use of data and information

- Data reported on eutrophication and contaminants (biota and sediment); bathing water quality; beach, seafloor marine litter, and floating microplastics as reported by the CPs in the IMAP IS
- $\,\circ\,$ Occurrence of spills reported through MEDGIS-MAR
- Satellite-derived data for Chla (e.g. COPERNICUS, ARGANS, SMED algorithm)
- Mercator Ocean Data (temperature, wave hight, salinity, pH)
- o Lloyds (Occurrence of spills) and CleanSeaNet data (smaller spills, minor incidents or illicit discharges)
- Copernicus Land Monitoring Coastal zones service, OpenStreetMap, World Database on Protected Areas
- $\circ\,$ FABDEM global elevation map and Studies on biomarkers in the Mediterranean Sea
- $\circ\,$ Studies on Seafood safety and quality in the Mediterranean Sea
- ACCOBAMS: low- and mid-frequency data reported in the International Noise Register for the Mediterranean Sea (INR-MED) region and continuous low frequency sound data obtained from the NETCCOBAMS Platform
- EMODnet data points to complement IMAP in situ data regarding assessment criteria calculation

