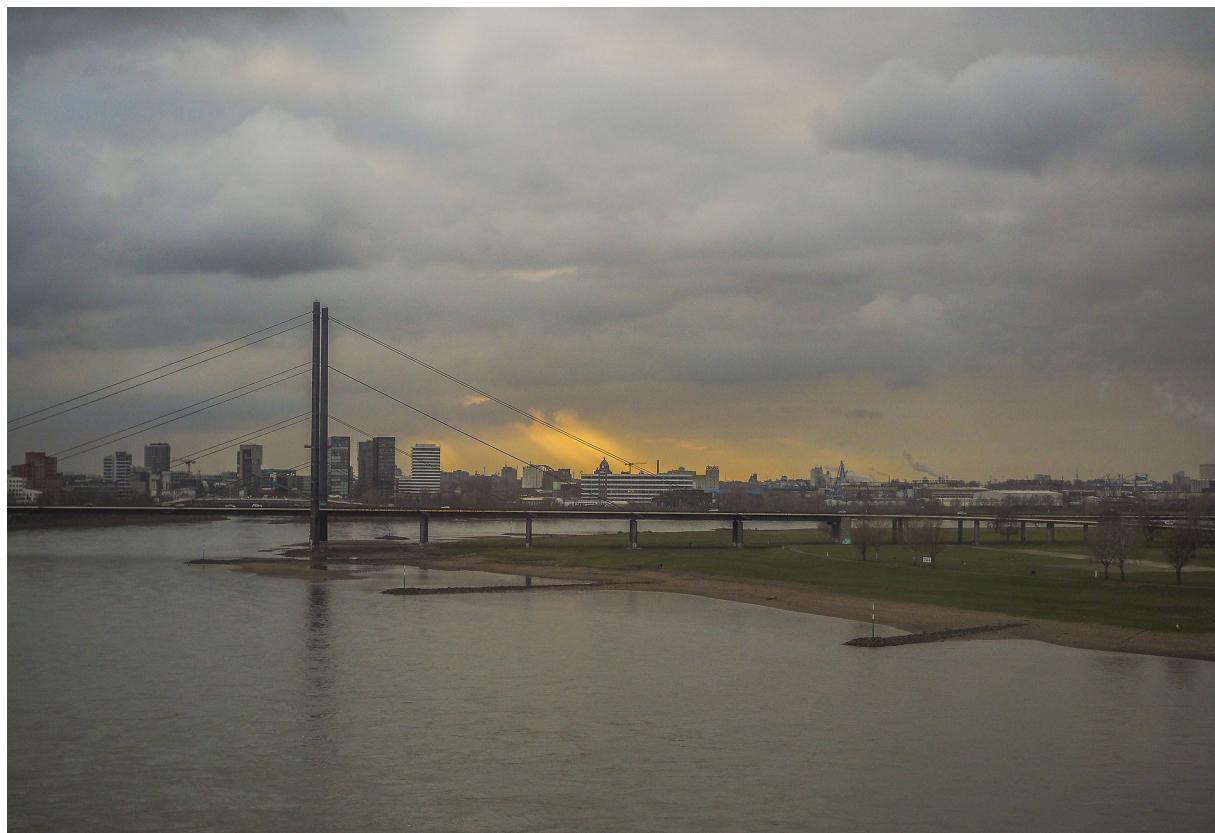




**OSPAR  
COMMISSION**

*Protecting and conserving the  
North-East Atlantic and its resources*

## **Comprehensive Study on Riverine Inputs and Direct Discharges (RID) – 2018 data**



---

# **OSPAR Contracting Parties' RID 2018 Data Report**

**26 March 2020**

**OSPAR Commission  
for the Protection of the Marine Environment  
of the North-East Atlantic**

**Prepared by Csilla Farkas and Eva Skarbøvik**



**NIBIO**

NORWEGIAN INSTITUTE OF  
BIOECONOMY RESEARCH

**NIBIO – Norwegian Institute for Bioeconomy Research**

### OSPAR Convention

The Convention for the Protection of the Marine Environment of the North-East Atlantic (the “OSPAR Convention”) was opened for signature at the Ministerial Meeting of the former Oslo and Paris Commissions in Paris on 22 September 1992. The Convention entered into force on 25 March 1998. The Contracting Parties are Belgium, Denmark, the European Union, Finland, France, Germany, Iceland, Ireland, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

### Convention OSPAR

La Convention pour la protection du milieu marin de l'Atlantique du Nord-Est, dite Convention OSPAR, a été ouverte à la signature à la réunion ministérielle des anciennes Commissions d'Oslo et de Paris, à Paris le 22 septembre 1992. La Convention est entrée en vigueur le 25 mars 1998. Les Parties contractantes sont l'Allemagne, la Belgique, le Danemark, l'Espagne, la Finlande, la France, l'Irlande, l'Islande, le Luxembourg, la Norvège, les Pays-Bas, le Portugal, le Royaume-Uni de Grande Bretagne et d'Irlande du Nord, la Suède, la Suisse et l'Union européenne.

## Contents

<b>Contents .....</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>Executive summary .....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Récapitulatif.....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>1. Introduction .....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>2. Submission of RID data for 2018.....</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>3. Status of historical data submission (1990-2017) .....</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>4. Preliminary results for reporting year 2018 .....</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>Appendix I. Data corrections performed by the RID Data Centre in 2019 .....</b>	<b>41</b>
<b>Appendix II. Glossary.....</b>	<b>42</b>
<b>Annex I Annual Overview Tables for the reporting year 2018 (AA Tables) .....</b>	<b>44</b>
AA Table 1a. 2018.....	45
AA Table 1b. 2018 .....	46
AA Table 2. 2018 .....	47
AA Table 3. 2018 .....	48
AA Table 4b. 2018 .....	50
<b>Annex IV Statistical information on river catchment areas.....</b>	<b>51</b>

National 2018 RID data reports (excel and word files):

[https://odims.ospar.org/en/submissions/ospar\\_rid\\_data\\_reports\\_2018\\_01\\_001/](https://odims.ospar.org/en/submissions/ospar_rid_data_reports_2018_01_001/)

## Executive summary

This report presents the results of monitoring undertaken by OSPAR Contracting Parties for the Riverine Inputs and Direct Discharges Programme (RID) during 2018. The purpose of the RID Programme is to assess, as accurately as possible, all riverine inputs and direct discharges of selected pollutants to Convention waters on an annual basis, and to contribute to the implementation of the Joint Assessment and Monitoring Programme (JAMP). The OSPAR Convention area is divided into five main regions: the Arctic Waters, the Greater North Sea, the Celtic Seas, the Bay of Biscay, and the Wider Atlantic.

Determinands monitored on a mandatory basis include nutrients, heavy metals (mercury, cadmium, copper, zinc, and lead), suspended particulate matter, and salinity (in saline waters). Several more determinands can be monitored on a voluntary basis. Direct discharge sources can include sewage treatment plants, industry, and aquaculture; some Contracting Parties also report urban runoff. Not all Contracting Parties report their direct discharges.

Since the programme started in 1990, many Contracting Parties report reduced riverine loads of nutrients and metals, but there can be large variations from year to year, and there are some unexplained peaks. Direct discharges of nutrients and metals are also declining in many areas, with some exceptions.

The report also gives overviews of the efforts to improve the data quality of this programme. Despite these efforts, the long-term data series still have some gaps and inconsistencies, which is unfortunate for the quality of the RID trend assessments. Further efforts to improve the historical RID data series are therefore strongly recommended.

## Récapitulatif

Le présent rapport comporte les résultats de la surveillance réalisée par les Parties contractantes OSPAR dans le cadre du Programme sur les apports fluviaux et les rejets directs (RID) en 2018. Le RID a pour but d'évaluer tous les ans, aussi précisément que possible, tous les apports fluviaux et les rejets directs de polluants sélectionnés dans les eaux de la Convention et de contribuer à la mise en œuvre du Programme conjoint d'évaluation et de surveillance (JAMP). La zone de la Convention OSPAR est sous divisées en cinq régions principales: les eaux arctiques, la mer du Nord au sens large, les mers celtes, le golfe de Gascogne et l'Atlantique au large.

Les déterminants surveillés à titre obligatoire sont notamment les nutriments, les métaux lourds (mercure, cadmium, cuivre, zinc et plomb), la matière particulaire en suspension et la salinité (des eaux salines). Plusieurs autres déterminants peuvent être surveillés à titre volontaire. Les sources de rejets directs peuvent inclure les installations de traitement des eaux usées, les installations industrielles et l'aquaculture; certaines Parties contractantes notifient également les eaux urbaines de ruissellement. Les Parties contractantes ne notifient pas toutes leurs rejets directs.

Depuis le début du programme, en 1990, nombre de Parties contractantes notifient des charges fluviales réduites de nutriments et de métaux mais celles-ci peuvent varier énormément d'une année

à l'autre et certains pics sont inexplicables. Les rejets directs de nutriments et de métaux ont diminué également dans de nombreuses zones, à quelques exceptions près.

Le présent rapport présente également un aperçu des efforts réalisés afin d'améliorer la qualité des données dans le cadre de ce programme. Mais en dépit de ces efforts les séries de données à long terme présentent encore des lacunes et incohérences, ce qui affecte malheureusement la qualité des évaluations des tendances RID. Il est donc fortement recommandé de s'efforcer d'améliorer les séries de données historiques RID.

## 1. Introduction

The Comprehensive Study on Riverine Inputs and Direct Discharges (RID; agreement 1998-5, update 2014-04)<sup>1</sup> is part of the wider Joint Assessment and Monitoring Programme of OSPAR. The purpose of the RID Study is to assess, as accurately as possible, all riverine inputs and direct discharges of selected pollutants to Convention waters on an annual basis. The OSPAR Convention area is divided into five main regions (Figure 1; Table 1).

---

<sup>1</sup> At its Tenth Meeting (Lisbon, 1988) the Paris Commission<sup>1</sup> (PARCOM) adopted the Principles of the Comprehensive Study on Riverine Inputs (PARCOM 10/10/1, § 4.25 (e)). The RID Principles were reviewed in 1998, 2005, and 2014 (agreement 2014-04).

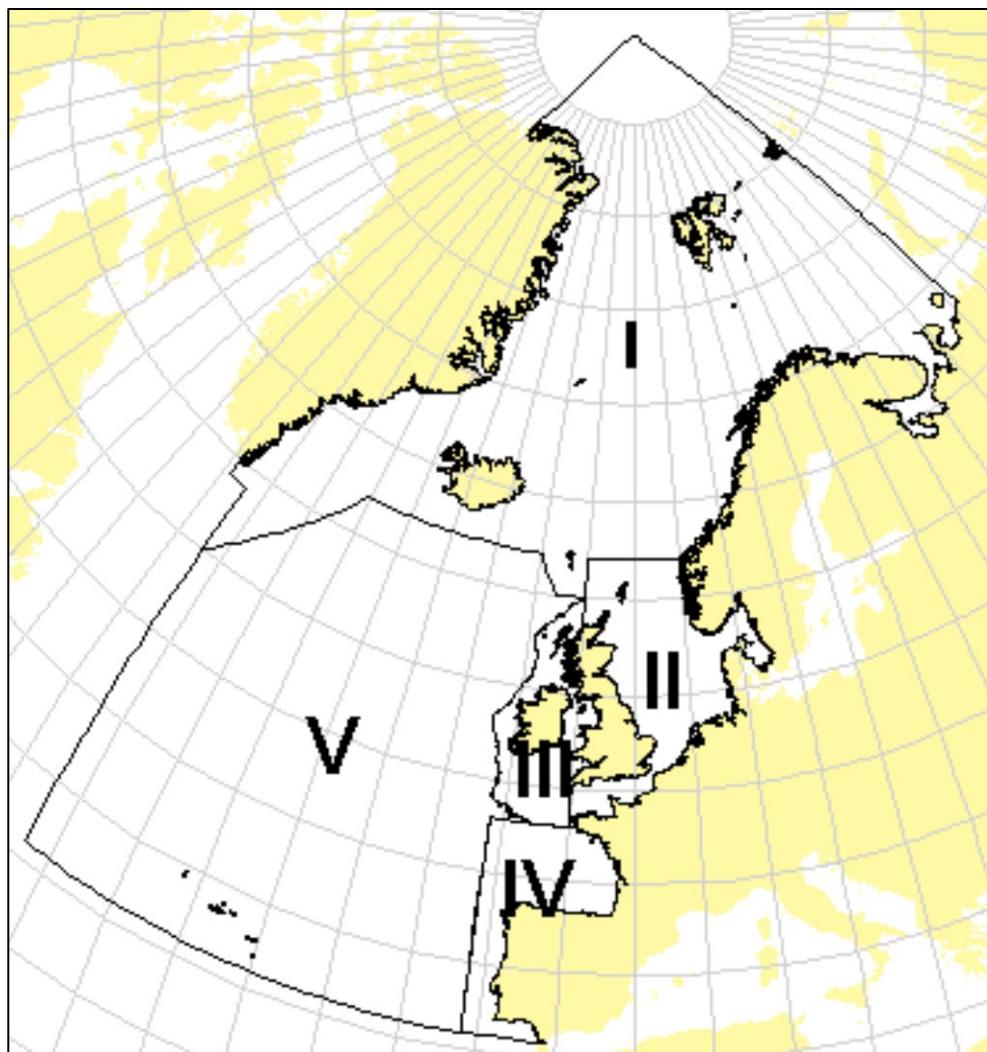


Figure 1. OSPAR Maritime Area and Regions. I: Arctic Waters, II: Greater North Sea, III: Celtic Seas, IV: Bay of Biscay and V: Wider Atlantic.

*Table 1. Assignment of countries and sea areas to OSPAR Regions.*

<b>Country / Sea Area</b>	<b>OSPAR Region</b>	<b>Country / Sea Area</b>	<b>OSPAR Region</b>
Belgium		Norway	
- North Sea (BE)	II	- Norwegian Sea (NO)	I
Denmark		- Barents Sea (NO)	I
- Skagerrak (DK)	II	- Skagerrak (NO)	II
- Kattegat (DK)	II	- North Sea (NO)	II
- North Sea (DK)	II	Portugal	
France		- Bay of Biscay and Iberian Coast (PO)	IV
- Channel	II	Spain	
- Atlantic	IV	- Atlantic (ESP)	IV
Germany		Sweden	
- North Sea (GER)	II	- Kattegat (SWE)	II
Iceland		- Skagerrak (SWE)	II
- Atlantic	I	UK	
Ireland		- North Sea (North)	II
- Irish Sea	III	- North Sea (South)	II
- Celtic Sea	III	- Channel	II
- Atlantic	III	- Irish Sea	III
Netherlands		- Celtic Sea	III
- North Sea (NL)	II	- Atlantic	III

## 2. Submission of RID data for 2018

Table 2 provides an overview of the status of 2018 RID data submitted by Contracting Parties by 16 December 2019. All Contracting Parties except Denmark had a deadline of 1 November 2019 for submitting data and text reports. Denmark had a deadline of 1 December 2019.

*Table 2. Overview of submitted 2018 RID information by Contracting Parties (green colour: submitted)*

Contracting Party	RID 2018 written report submitted	RID 2018 Data submitted	1990-2018 Charts submitted	RID 2018 Data validated	Comments
Belgium	Green	Green	Green	Green	
Denmark					Delay reported.
France		Green		Green	Word report will be submitted next year.
Germany	Light Green	Light Green	Light Green	Light Green	Report not complete, will be completed earliest in May 2020 when data for the river Elbe will be delivered.
Iceland	Green	Green	Green	Green	
Ireland					Data are being validated
Netherlands				Green	
Norway	Green	Green	Green	Green	
Portugal					
Spain				Green	
Sweden				Green	
UK				Green	

*Table 3. Overview of information for 2018 on inputs to the OSPAR Maritime Area reported by Contracting Parties*

Contracting Party	Sewage effluents	Industrial effluents	Aquaculture discharges	Other direct discharges	Monitored rivers	Un-monitored rivers	Total rivers
Belgium					Green		Green
Denmark							
France					Green		Green
Germany	Light Green	Light Green			Light Green	Light Green	Light Green
Iceland					Green		Green
Ireland	Green	Green	Green		Green		Green
Netherlands							
Norway	Green	Green	Green		Green		Green
Portugal							
Spain	Green	Green	Green		Green		Green
Sweden	Green				Green		Green
UK	Green						Green

(Green = data submitted; Light Green – data submitted but incomplete or undergoes further quality check; White = no data submitted; Grey = no data will be submitted by this Contracting Party from this source).

Overview tables 1-4 (AA-tables) for 2018 are given in Annex I.

### 3. Status of historical data submission (1990-2017)

In 2018, CPs were asked to submit excel files with graphs of each constituent from 1990-2016. A result of this exercise has been that several CPs have found missing or erroneous data in their historical databases, and many are now in the process of correcting these. An overview of the status of the data from 1990 to 2017 is provided in Table 4 (per 12 December 2018).

*Table 4. Overview of status of the historical data in the RID database (1990-2017).*

Contracting Party	Status for data 1990-2017	Validation pending (1990-2017)	Other remaining tasks
Belgium	All data up to and including 2017 validated and confirmed.		Data resubmission is expected for years 2011-2017 due to the trans-boundary issues with the Netherlands <sup>2</sup> .
Denmark	Data 1990-2012 were re-submitted for runoff (Tables 9) in January 2018.  Riverine loads were re-reported for years 1990 – 2015 in February 2019.	Data on riverine loads for 1990-2015 were validated.  Table 9 (runoff) for 1990-2012 will be validated in 2020.	Denmark is to validate the flow data from 1990 until 2012 in 2020.  It is expected that further corrections and re-reporting will be needed (most probably for years 2007-2014) for TN and probably TP, due to laboratory measurement challenges. TN and TP data are being corrected.
France	All data up to and including 2017 validated and confirmed.  There are re-reported tables in Basecamp for years 2010-2012 and Table 9 for all the years, but not summarised (5,6) or old RID format (9).		Borders for some OSPAR areas for France has been changed. The CP has analysed the implications of these changes for data in each zone and found it to be very small. Therefore, from 2019 onwards, the RID data for France will be reported with the new borders. The data for the years 2018 and earlier will not be changed.
Germany	All data up to and including 2016 validated and confirmed.		No further action needed
Iceland	Data from 1990-2015 received, but not all of them in RID format. Table 9 for 2016 was re-reported.  Riverine loads for 2008-2016 were re-reported in February 2019 but not in RID format.	Table 9 for 2016 is validated.  Data from 2017 are validated.	Historical data needs to be transferred to the correct format; NIBIO and Iceland are in contact.
Ireland	Tables 6a and 6c were resubmitted in December 2018 for 1990-2015 and imported in the database.	Tables 6a, 6c for 1990-2015 were validated.	Ireland will re-report historical runoff data.

<sup>2</sup> During the 2019 Input Meeting the partners agreed on how to handle the Canal Gent-Terneuzen to Wester Scheldt. Canal Ghent-Terneuzen is monitored and reported both by Belgium and the Netherlands; the latter at a station located downstream of the Belgian station. Belgium will report the Belgian inputs only in Table 6a, and exclude them in Table 6c to avoid double counting of the inputs in the calculation of the total loads. Additional notes:

- The loads of the Scheldt are partial loads from Belgium to the North Sea, to be added to the loads from the Netherlands.
- The BE Country Outflow does not include the loads from the Meuse River (basin) that are also discharged to the North Sea, but monitored by the Netherlands at a downstream point.
- The Netherlands do not report loads and flows for 223: Canal Ghent-Terneuzen and 289: The Southern Delta Coast.

	Tables 6a and 6c were again resubmitted (the correction concerned the Total Nitrogen) in 2019 for years 1997-2001.	Tables 6a and 6c for years 1997-2001 were re-imported in the database.	
Netherlands	All data up to and including 2017 are in the database, but with some errors.		Netherland is to check if historical data submission is needed.  See also the issue of the transboundary Canal Gent-Terneuzen to Wester Scheldt, mentioned for Belgium.
Norway	All data up to and including 2017 validated and confirmed.		No further action needed
Spain	All data up to and including 2016 are in the database, but not validated. Tables 5 and 6 and discharge data (Tables 9) are re-submitted for 2011-2016.	Data validation pending for 1990-2010. Tables 5, 6 for 2011-2016 are validated. NIBIO is to send Tables 9 for 2011-2016 for validation.	
Sweden	All data up to and including 2017 validated and confirmed.		Sweden will resubmit historical data.
UK	Data up to and including 2017 are in the database.	UK is to validate the 2008-2011 and the 2015 data.	

Apart from the data gaps in Table 4, there are still several errors in the database; many of these have become more visible through the excel charts that the RID Data Centre distributed. In Table 5, the most common sources of data errors are given, with suggested solutions. As a rule, re-reporting should be done by sending excel tables in the correct format, with the corrected data, to the RID Data Centre.

*Table 5. Possible sources of data error in the RID database, with suggested solutions.*

Problem	Possible reason	Suggested solution
<b>Missing data in the database</b>	Data do not exist (e.g., because of rota system of river monitoring, or direct discharges are not reported each year).	CP is asked to fill in the data gaps using interpolation or model estimation techniques. Unmonitored areas should at any rate be estimated.
	Data exist, but are not summed up in the summary tables of the database	CP is asked to re-report the relevant tables, including aggregated (summed-up) data.
<b>Erroneous data in the database</b>	The value of Zero (0) is put instead of missing data (NI)	CP is asked to contact NIBIO to discuss solutions.
	Unit error in some of the data	CP is asked to re-report the relevant table(s) with correct data.
<b>Major changes in methods</b>	Significant changes in measurement methods or detection limits give non-consecutive datasets.	CP should report such changes in the word reports. CP is asked to assess conversion methods to get consecutive time series; and re-report.

In Appendix I a list of other work with the RID Database in 2019 is given.

#### 4. Preliminary results for reporting year 2018

Graphs for riverine loads and direct discharges (1990-2018) are given in Figures 2-5, as follows: Figures 2 a-i show riverine runoff and riverine loads of metals; Figures 3a-i show riverine loads of nutrients and sediments; Figures 4a-e show direct discharges of metals; and Figures 5a-e show direct discharges of sediments and nutrients. CPs that have not submitted data from 2018, or who have ongoing investigations of possible errors in their data, are not shown.

Based on the written reports from the CPs, delivered by mid-January, the following conclusions can be given:

**Germany** reported slightly decreasing riverine loads due to low flows. No major changes in direct and total loads.

**Iceland** reported that the concentrations of zinc in River Ölfusá were higher than in previous years, particularly in a sample from July 2018.

In **Ireland** the monitored flow in 2018 was above or at the long-term average in nearly all rivers. When grouped nationally the annual flow was 107 % of the long-term average flow. Normalised loads of total phosphorus (TP) have shown significant reductions between 1990 and 2018 for all rivers except the Bandon and Erne Rivers. In case of normalised total nitrogen (TN) loads, all rivers showed a negative trend apart from the Suir and Slaney Rivers. Loads of Cd, Pb and Hg have decreased statistically for the

entire monitoring period, but reductions have been slowing down in recent years. Loads of Cu and Zn have been stable during the last 10 years, although a slight increase in Cu was recorded in 2018.

The **Netherlands** reported very low summer and autumn flows for 2018. The trend of flow normalised loads showed a clear decrease for N-tot and P-tot from 1990-2018. However, for the last decade there is no trend in N-tot.

In **Norway**, no notable changes in the riverine loads were observed. Long-term trends show increasing water discharge in some of the south-eastern rivers. No major changes in direct discharges, except for aquaculture, where losses of nutrients and copper have increased steadily during the last ten years. Overall, the total loads to the Norwegian maritime areas did not differ significantly from former years.

**Spain** reported that data availability is not the same each year, and the results are therefore not fully comparable between the years. The results of the last two years may be partially influenced by the introduction of a new methodology for computing the loads. The flows registered in the Cantábrico Oriental River Basin during 2018 have been amongst the highest in the time series. This may have influenced the slight increase in total loads of heavy metals, TN and TP in 2018.

**Sweden** reported rather low annual water flows in 2018, dominated by high flow during winter and early spring, followed by severe drought the rest of the year. The dominating point source in the Swedish OSPAR area is the wastewater treatment plant Ryaverket, which serves a large area around Göteborg. Its variation in treatment results between years thus dominates the statistics for the whole area. Of the reported parameters in 2018, only the discharges of Zn increased from Ryaverket. Another major point source in the area is the pulp and paper industry, Södra Cell Värö. This industry has, compared to 2017, reported greater discharges of Pb, Tot-N, Cd and Cu and lower amounts of Zn.

For the United Kingdom, most of the results are comparable to those reported for 2017, and the flows are overall slightly higher than last year.

Except for Spain, there was no changes in the methodology in 2018 compared to the previous year (based on the submitted word reports). Spain has changed the methodology for computing the loads for almost all the rivers (when all the samples are below LD, loads are 0). For Rivers Tinto and Odiel, the old methodology is still applied (values<LQ are estimated as 0,5\* LQ).

## Comprehensive Study on Riverine Inputs and Direct Discharges (RID) – 2018 data report

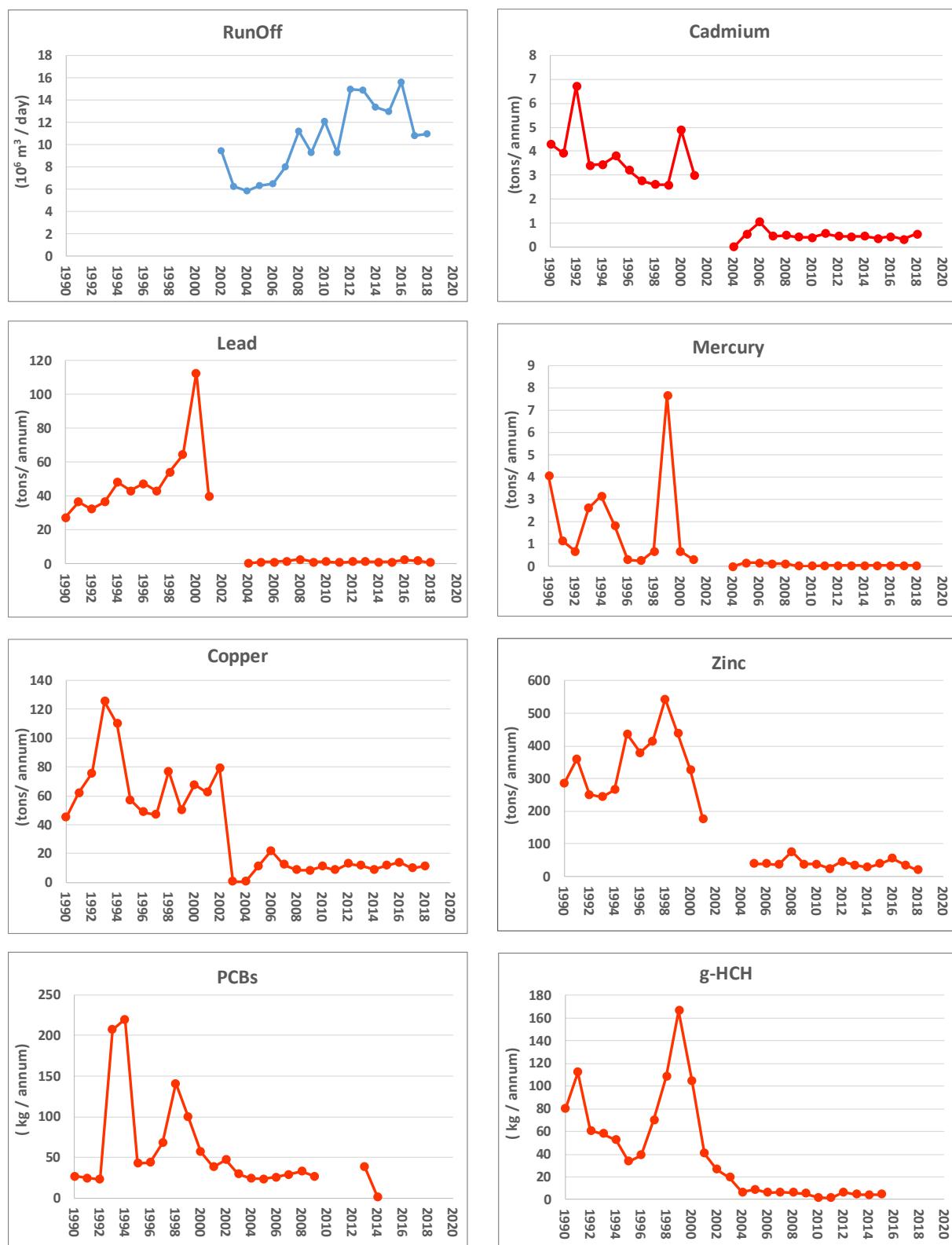


Figure 2a. Riverine inputs (tons per annum) of five metals\*, PCBs and g-HCH (kg per annum) from **Belgium** to the OSPAR maritime area, and total runoff ( $10^6 \text{ m}^3$  per day)

\*Note that since 2004 Belgium has only reported the dissolved phase of metals.

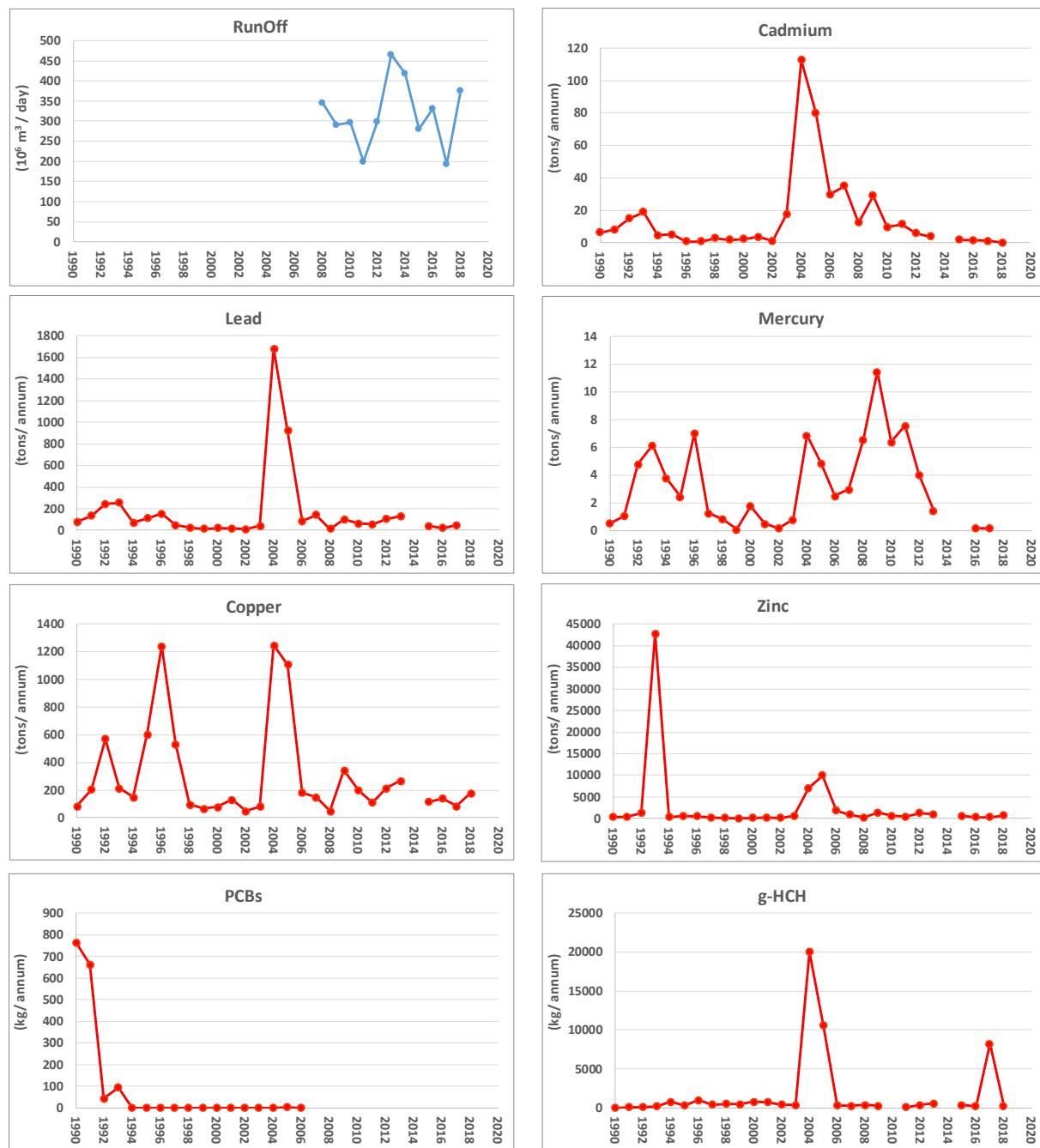


Figure 2b. Riverine inputs (tons per annum) of five metals\*, PCBs and g-HCH (kg per annum) from France to the OSPAR maritime area, and total runoff ( $10^6 \text{ m}^3$  per day)

\*Note that since 2008 France has only reported the dissolved phase of metals.

Comprehensive Study on Riverine Inputs and Direct Discharges (RID) – 2018 data report

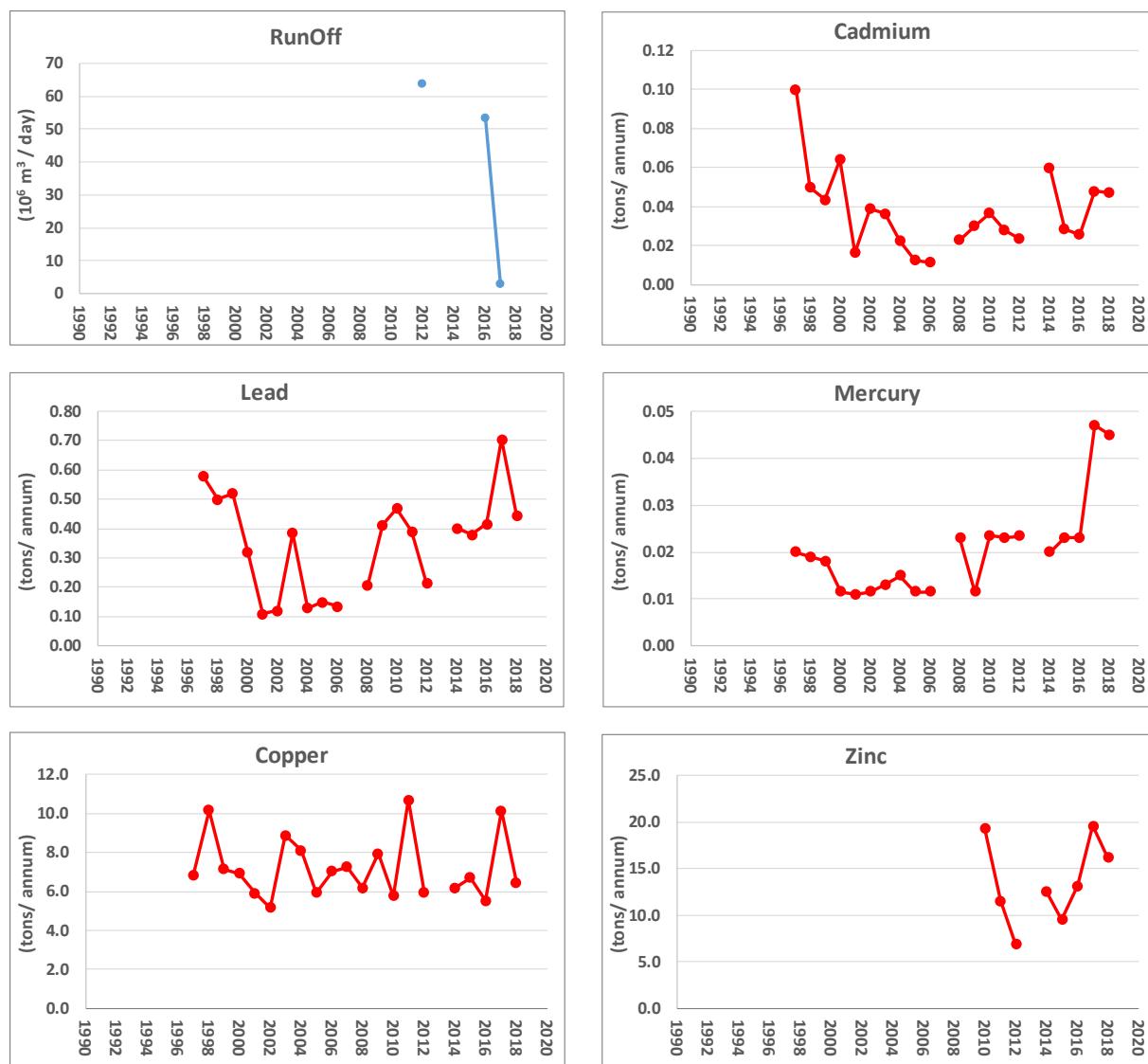


Figure 2c. Riverine inputs (tons per annum) of five metals\* from **Iceland** to the OSPAR maritime area, and total runoff ( $10^6 \text{ m}^3$  per day)

\*Note that since 1990 Iceland has only reported the dissolved phase of metals.



Figure 2d. Riverine inputs (tons per annum) of five metals from **Ireland** to the OSPAR maritime area, and total runoff ( $10^6 \text{ m}^3$  per day)

## Comprehensive Study on Riverine Inputs and Direct Discharges (RID) – 2018 data report

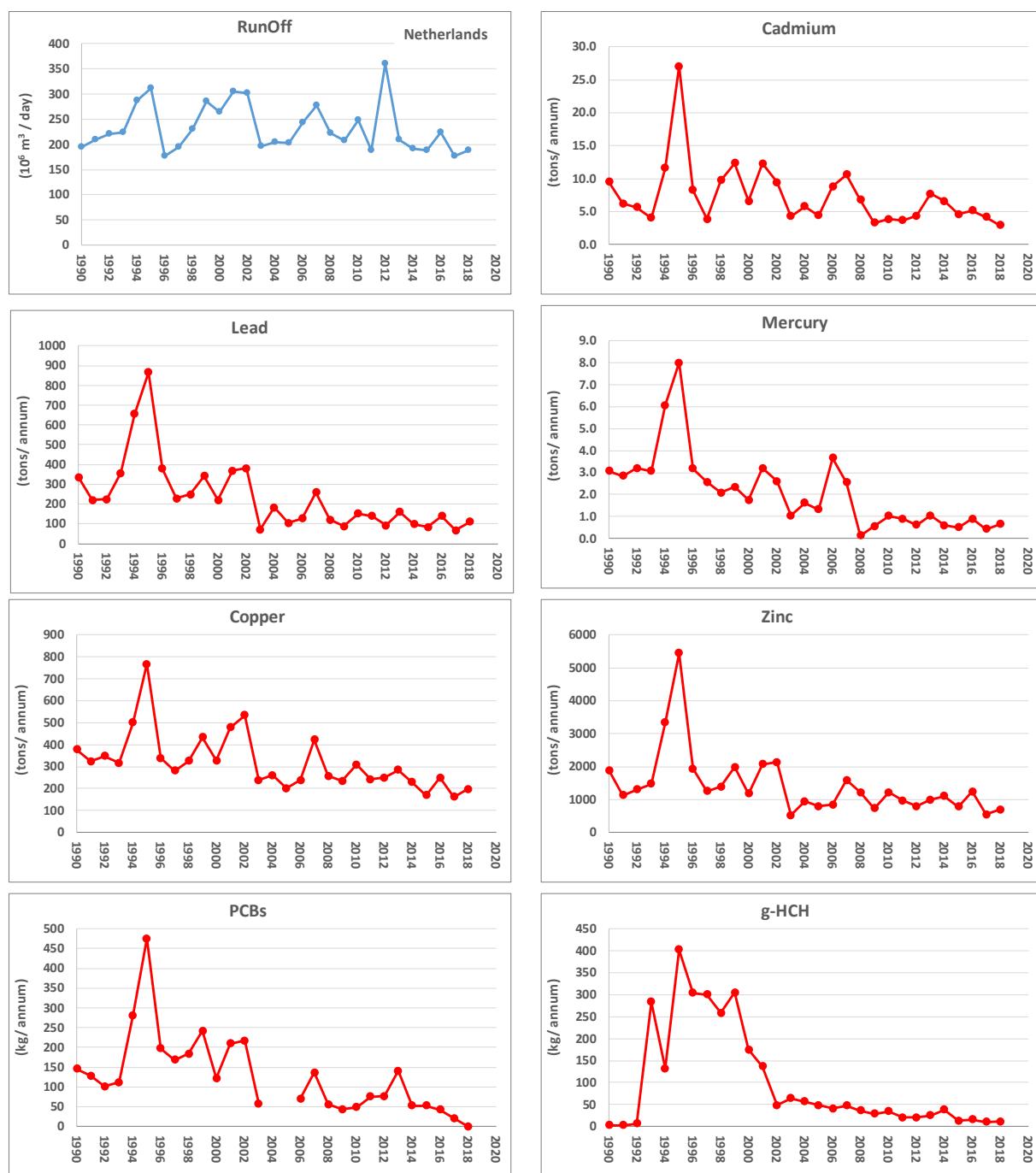


Figure 2e. Riverine inputs (tons per annum) of five metals, PCBs and g-HCH (kg per annum) from the **Netherlands** to the OSPAR maritime area, and total runoff ( $10^6 \text{ m}^3$  per day)

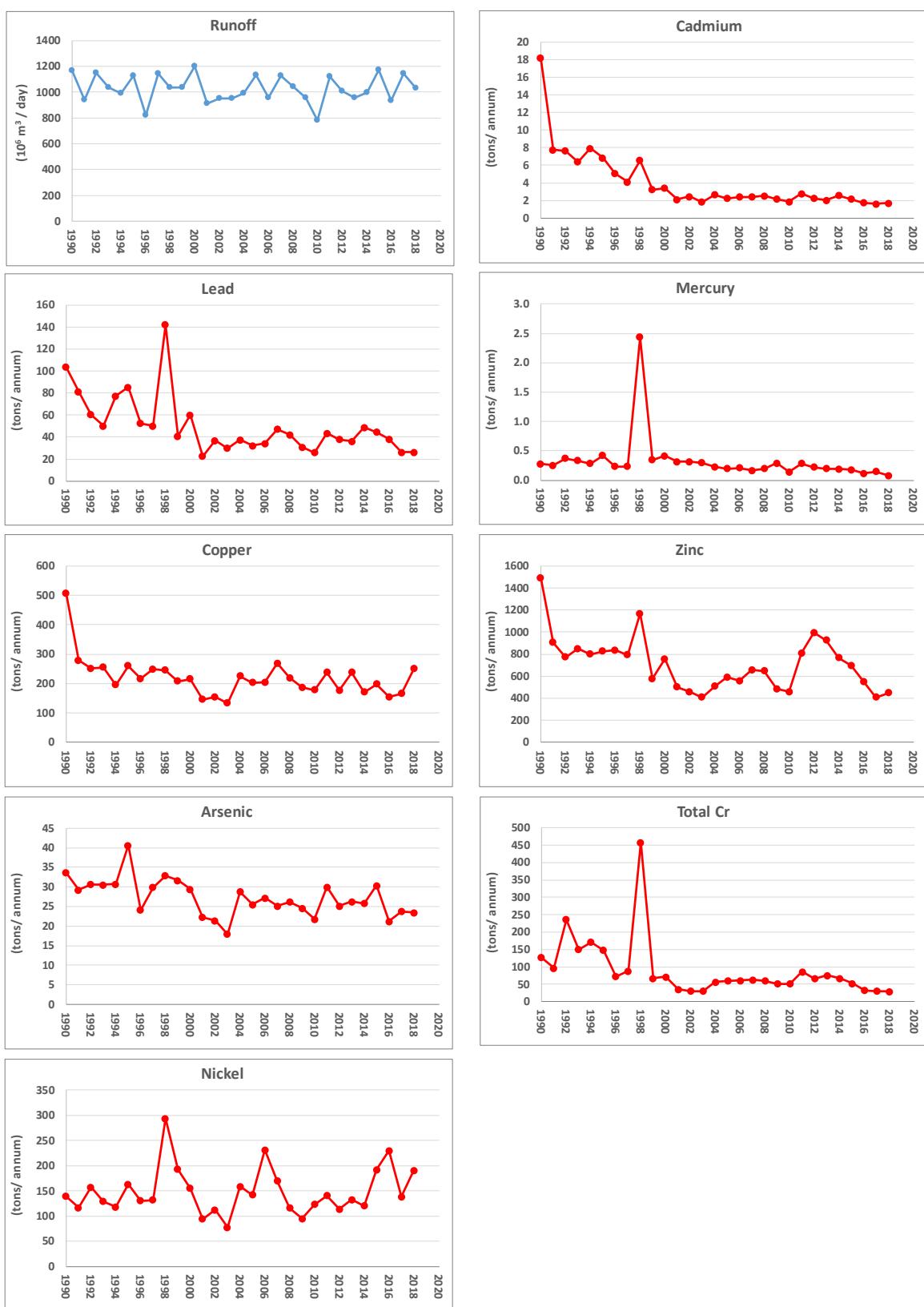


Figure 2f. Riverine inputs (tons per annum) of eight metals from **Norway** to the OSPAR maritime area, and total runoff ( $10^6 \text{ m}^3$  per day)

Comprehensive Study on Riverine Inputs and Direct Discharges (RID) – 2018 data report

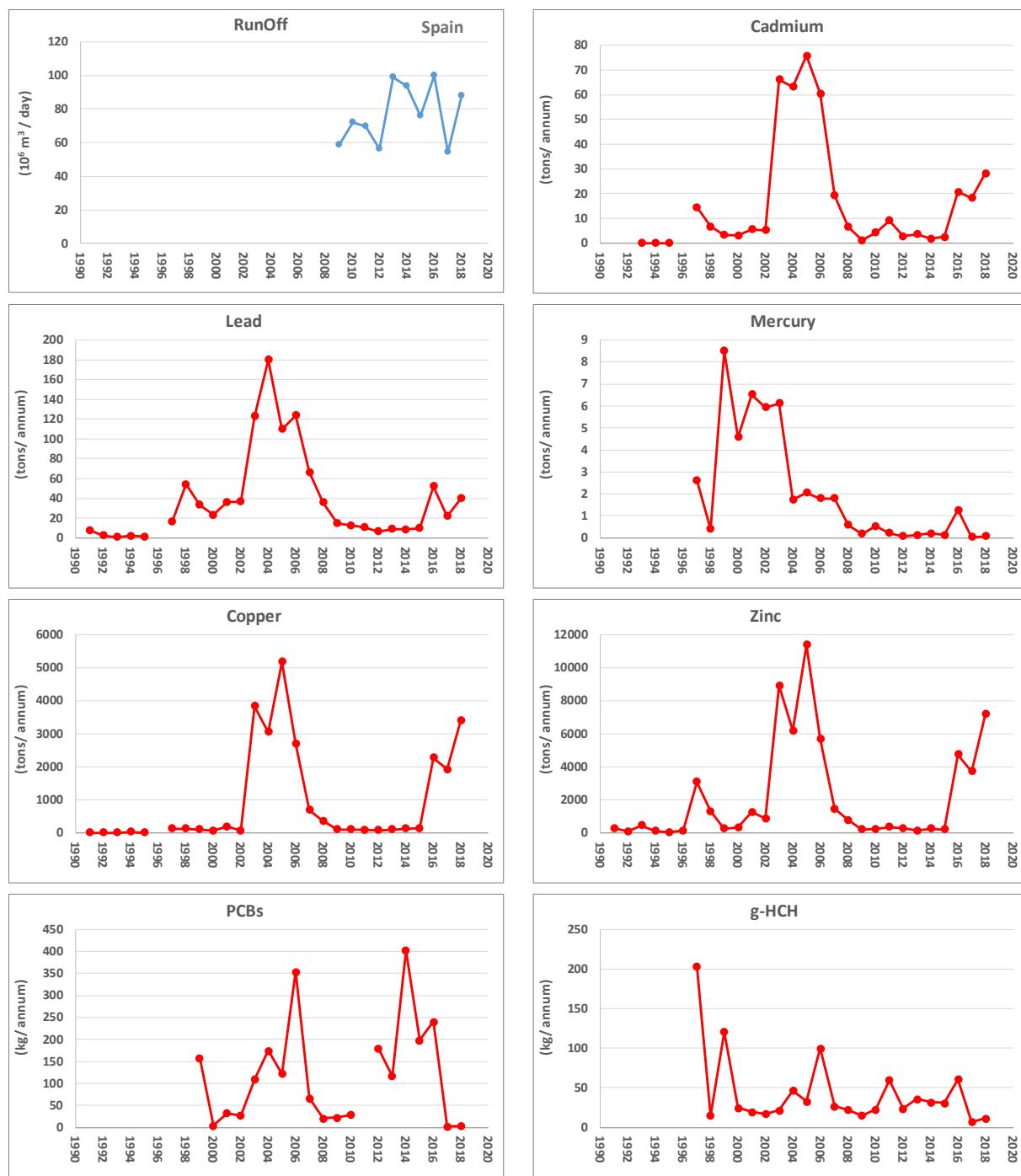


Figure 2g. Riverine inputs (tons per annum) of five metals, PCBs and g-HCH (kg per annum) from Spain to the OSPAR maritime area, and total runoff ( $10^6 \text{ m}^3$  per day).

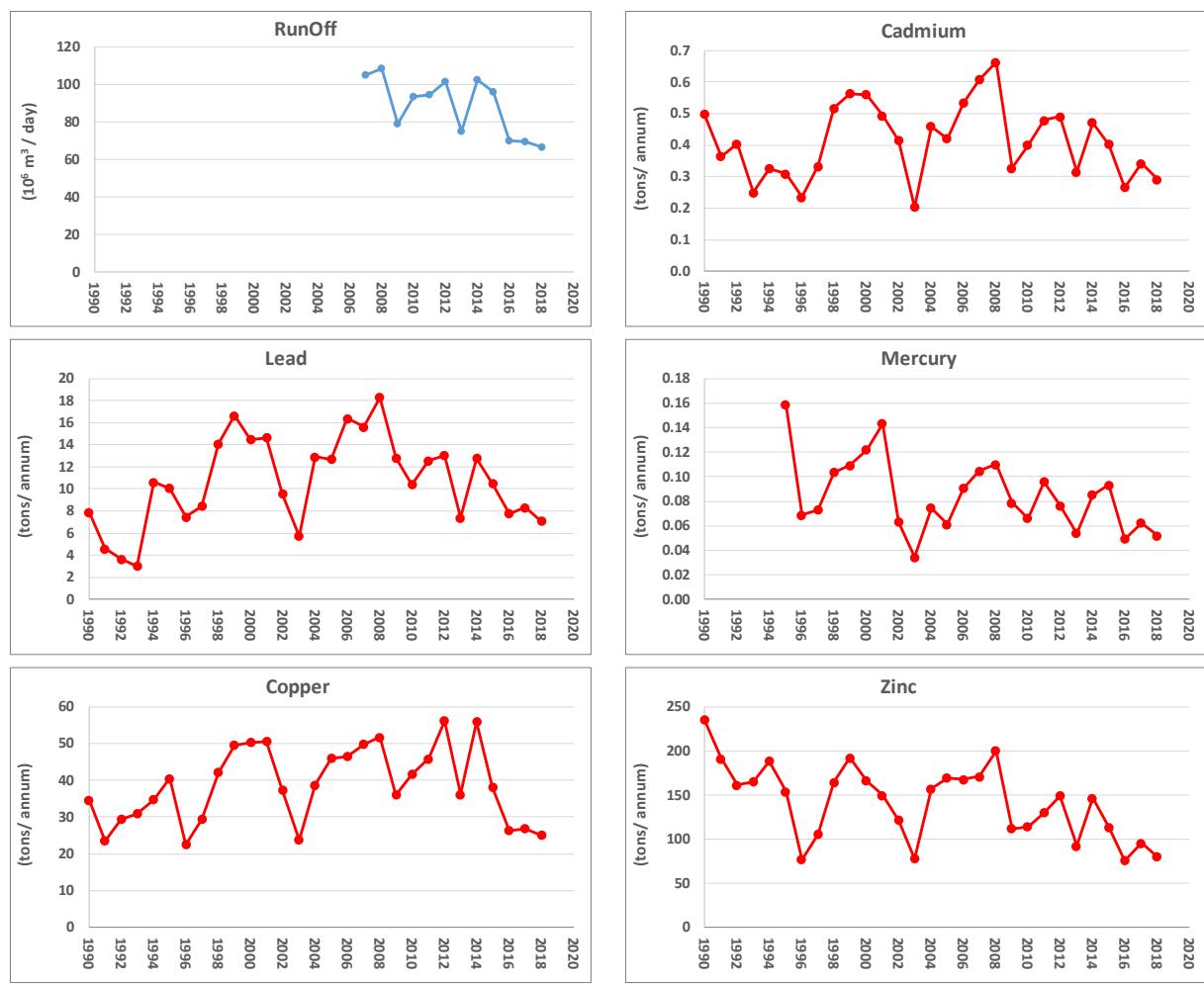


Figure 2h. Riverine inputs (tons per annum)\* from **Sweden** to the OSPAR maritime area, and total runoff ( $10^6 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$ ).

\*Note that since 1990 Sweden has reported an acid-soluble phase of metals.

## Comprehensive Study on Riverine Inputs and Direct Discharges (RID) – 2018 data report

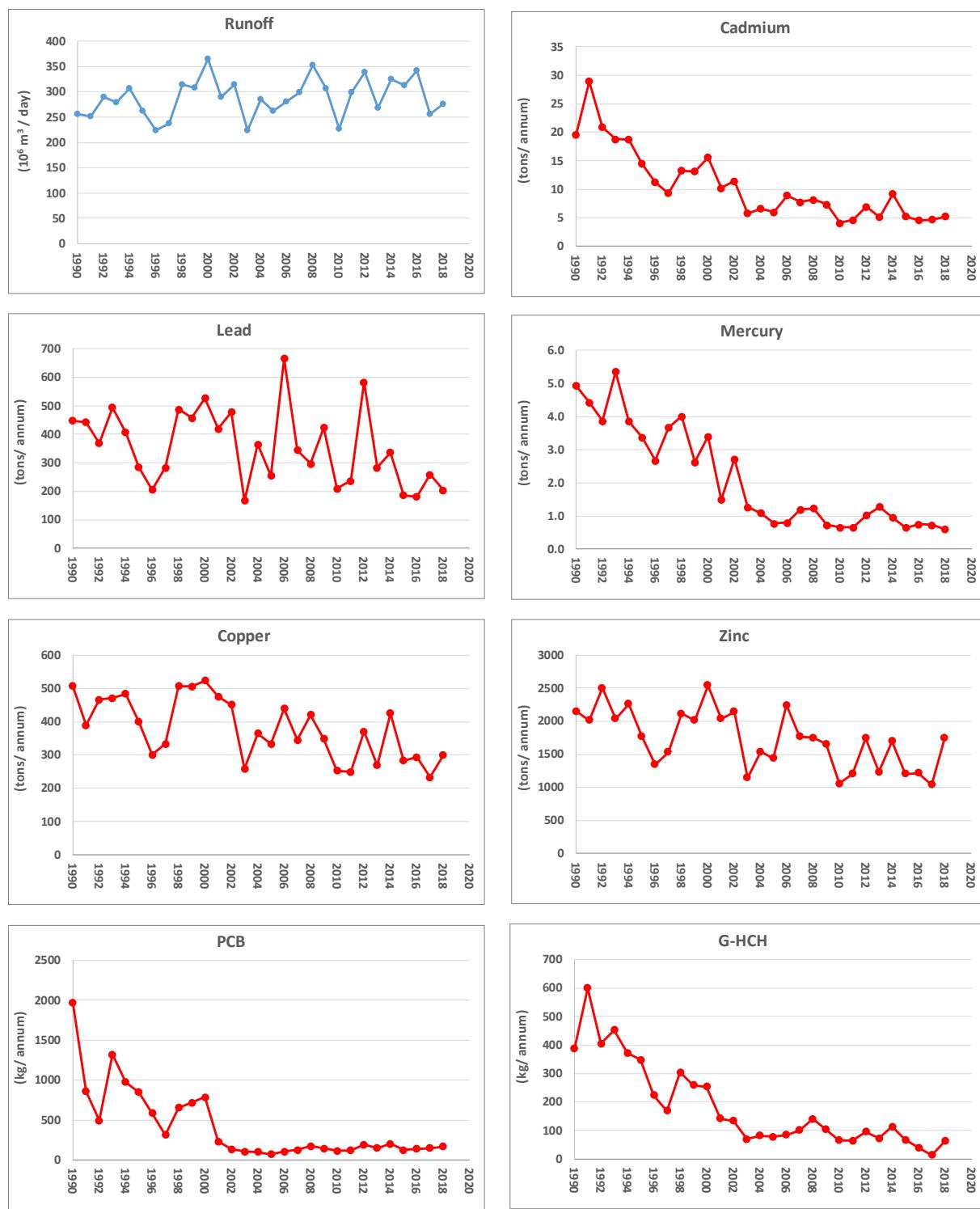


Figure 2i. Riverine inputs (tons per annum) of five metals, PCBs and g-HCH (kg per annum) from the **United Kingdom** to the OSPAR maritime area, and total runoff ( $10^6 \text{ m}^3 \text{ per day}$ )

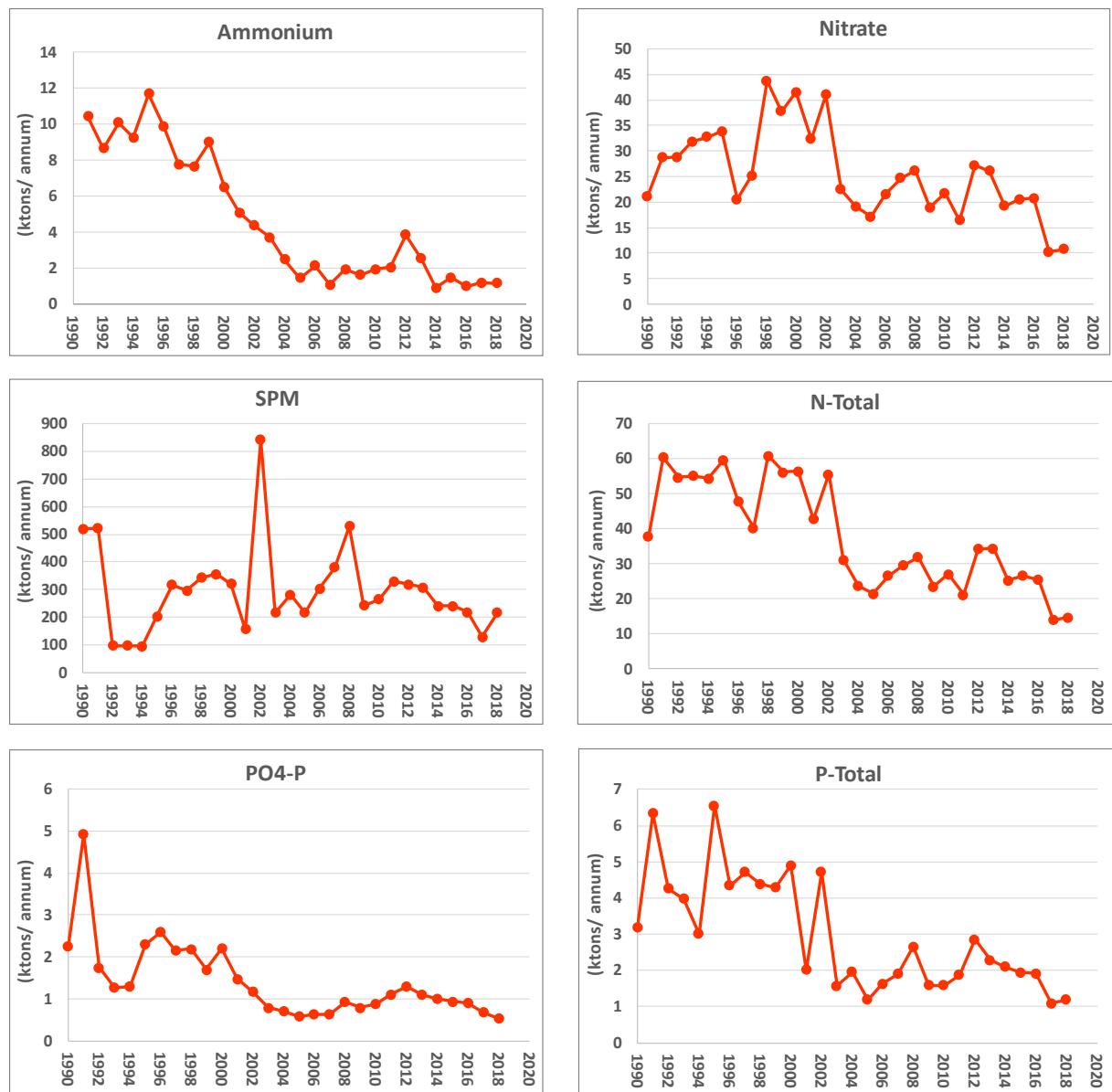


Figure 3a. Riverine inputs (ktons per annum) of nutrients and suspended particulate matter (SPM) from **Belgium** to the OSPAR maritime area.

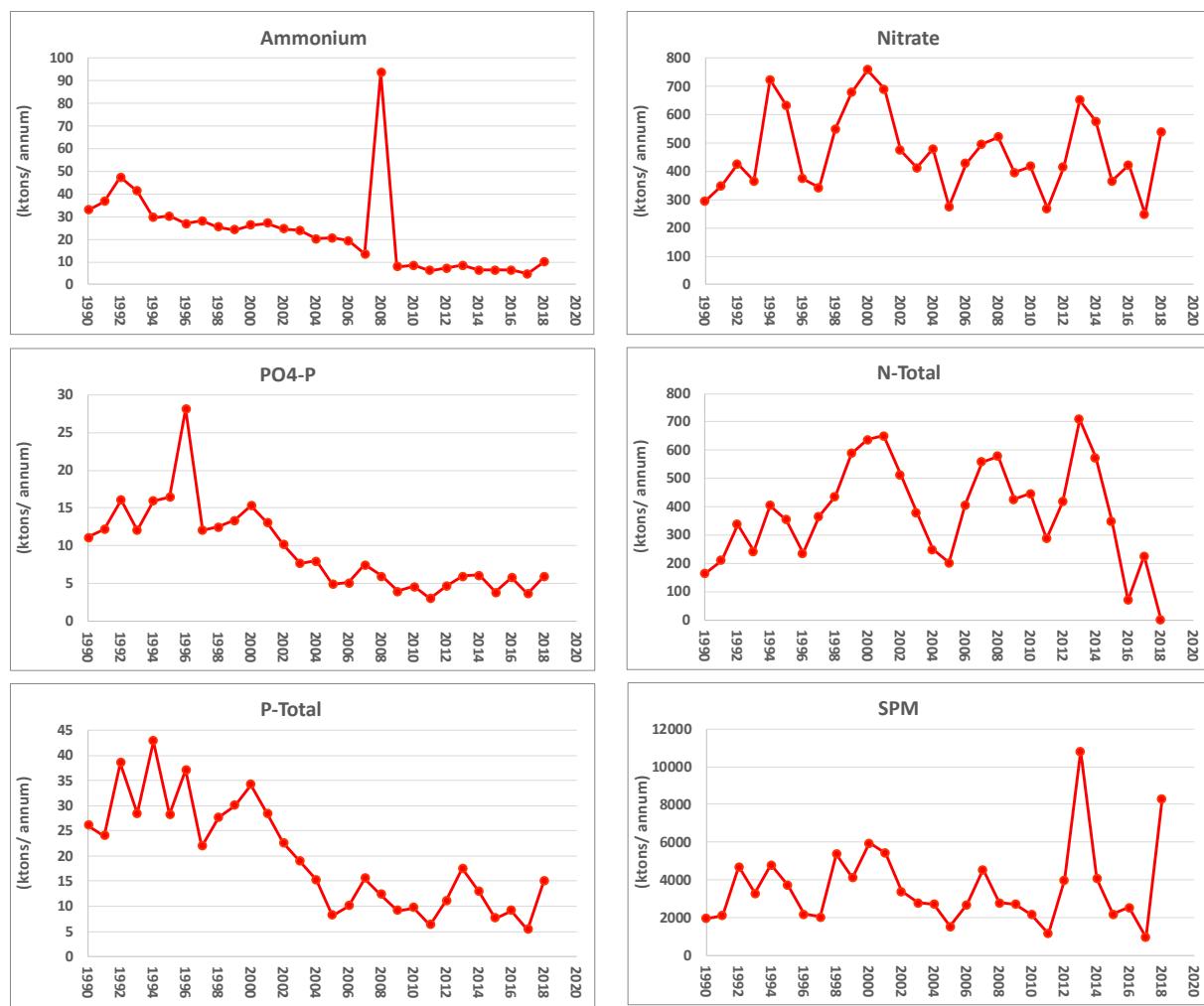


Figure 3b. Riverine inputs (ktons per annum) of nutrients and suspended particulate matter (SPM) from France to the OSPAR maritime area.

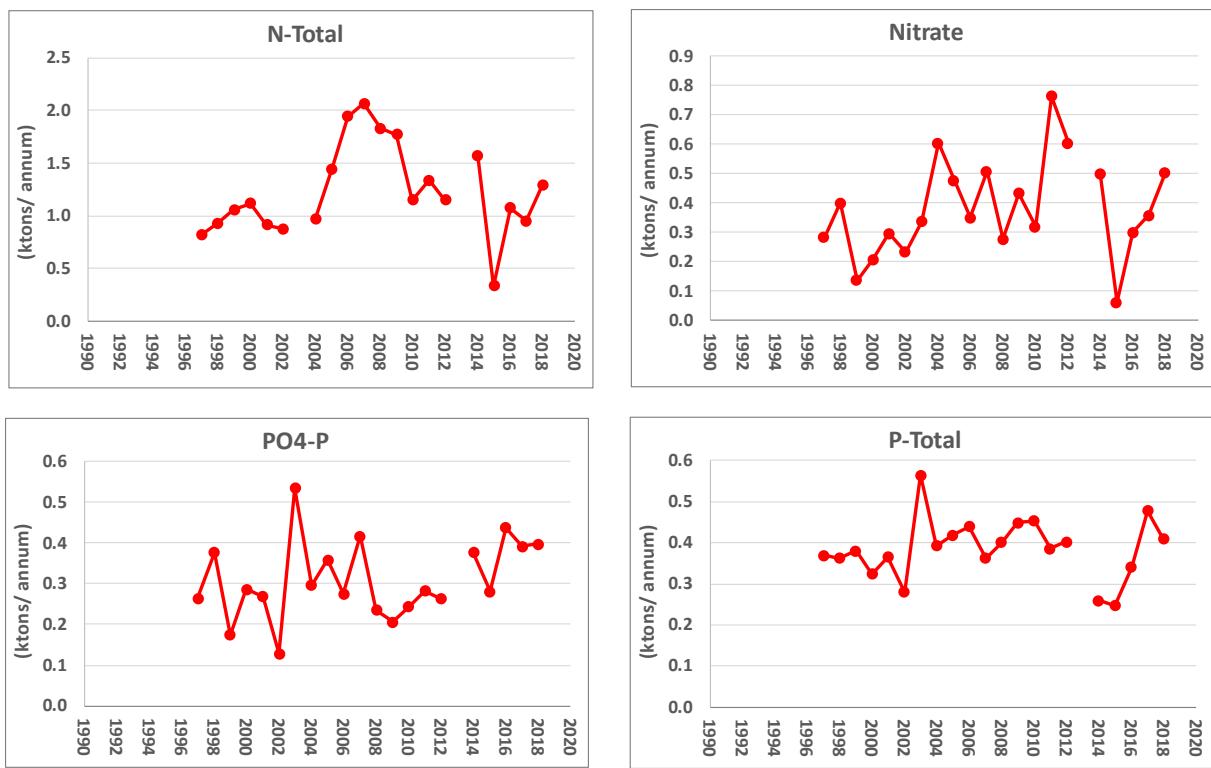


Figure 3c. Riverine inputs (ktons per annum) of nutrients from **Iceland** to the OSPAR maritime area.

## Comprehensive Study on Riverine Inputs and Direct Discharges (RID) – 2018 data report

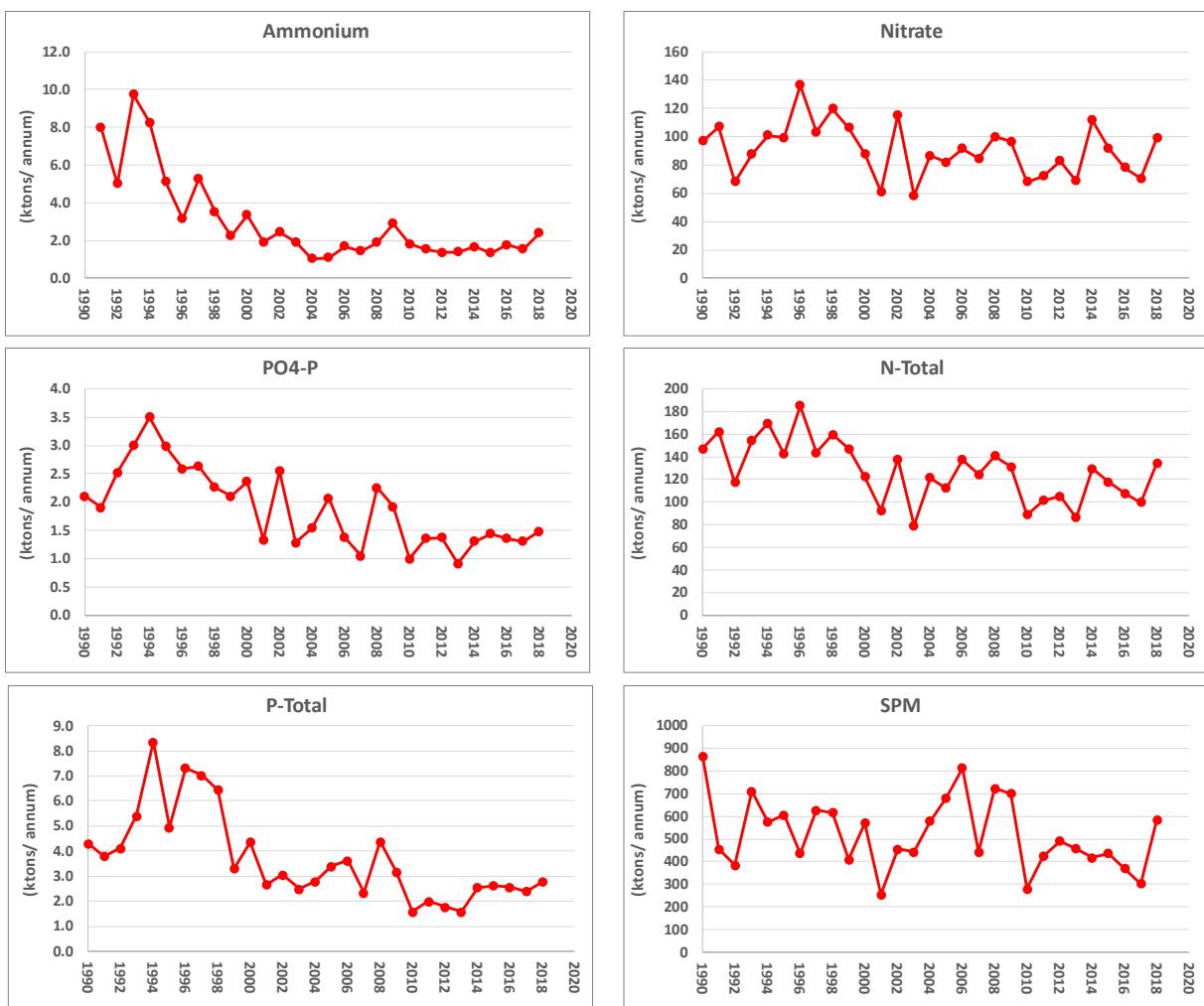


Figure 3d. Riverine inputs (ktons per annum) of nutrients and suspended particulate matter (SPM) from **Ireland** to the OSPAR maritime area.

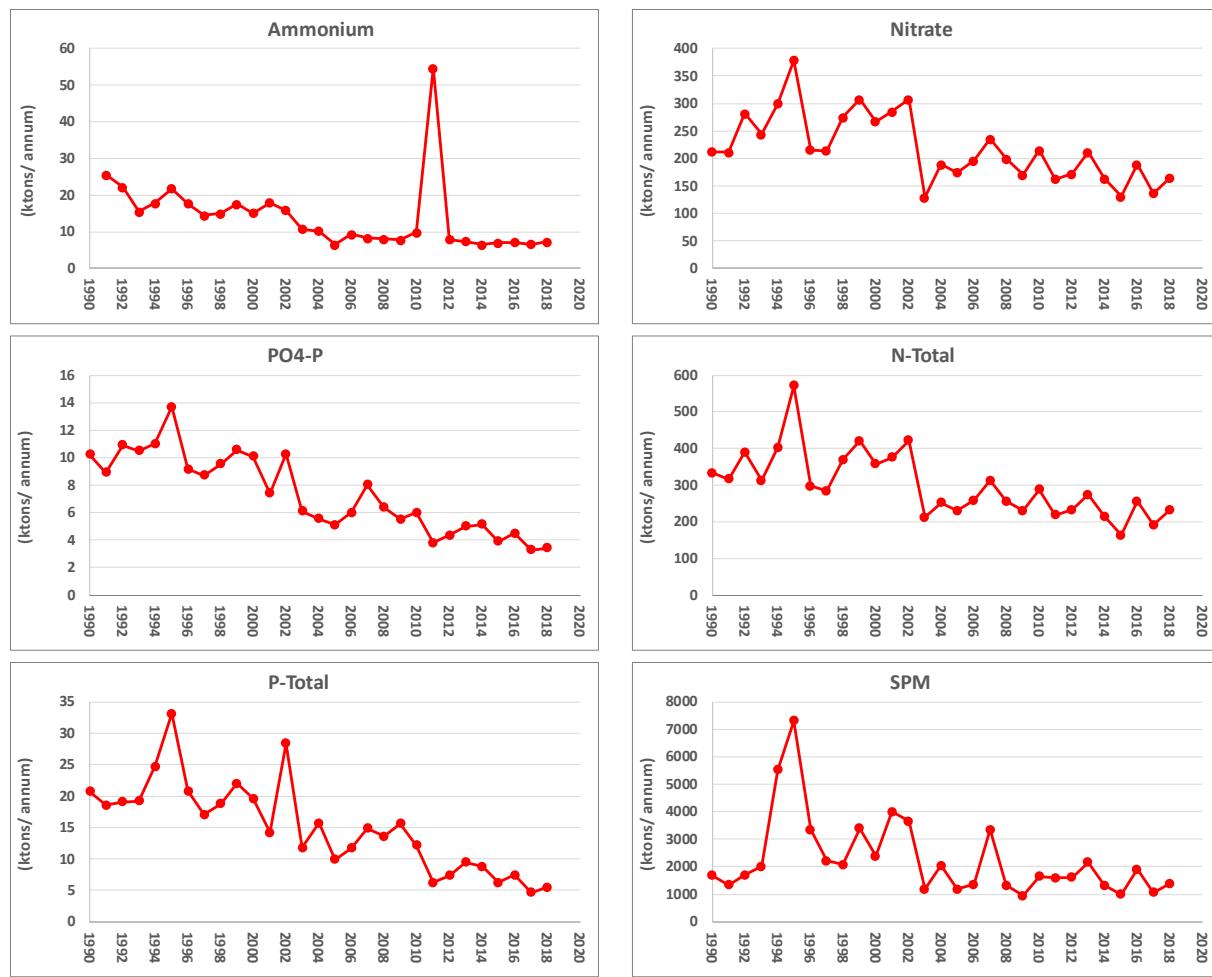


Figure 3e. Riverine inputs (ktons per annum) of nutrients and suspended particulate matter (SPM) from the **Netherlands** to the OSPAR maritime area.

## Comprehensive Study on Riverine Inputs and Direct Discharges (RID) – 2018 data report



Figure 3f. Riverine inputs of nutrients, suspended particulate matter (SPM), (ktons per annum) and TOC (tons per annum) from **Norway** to the OSPAR maritime area.

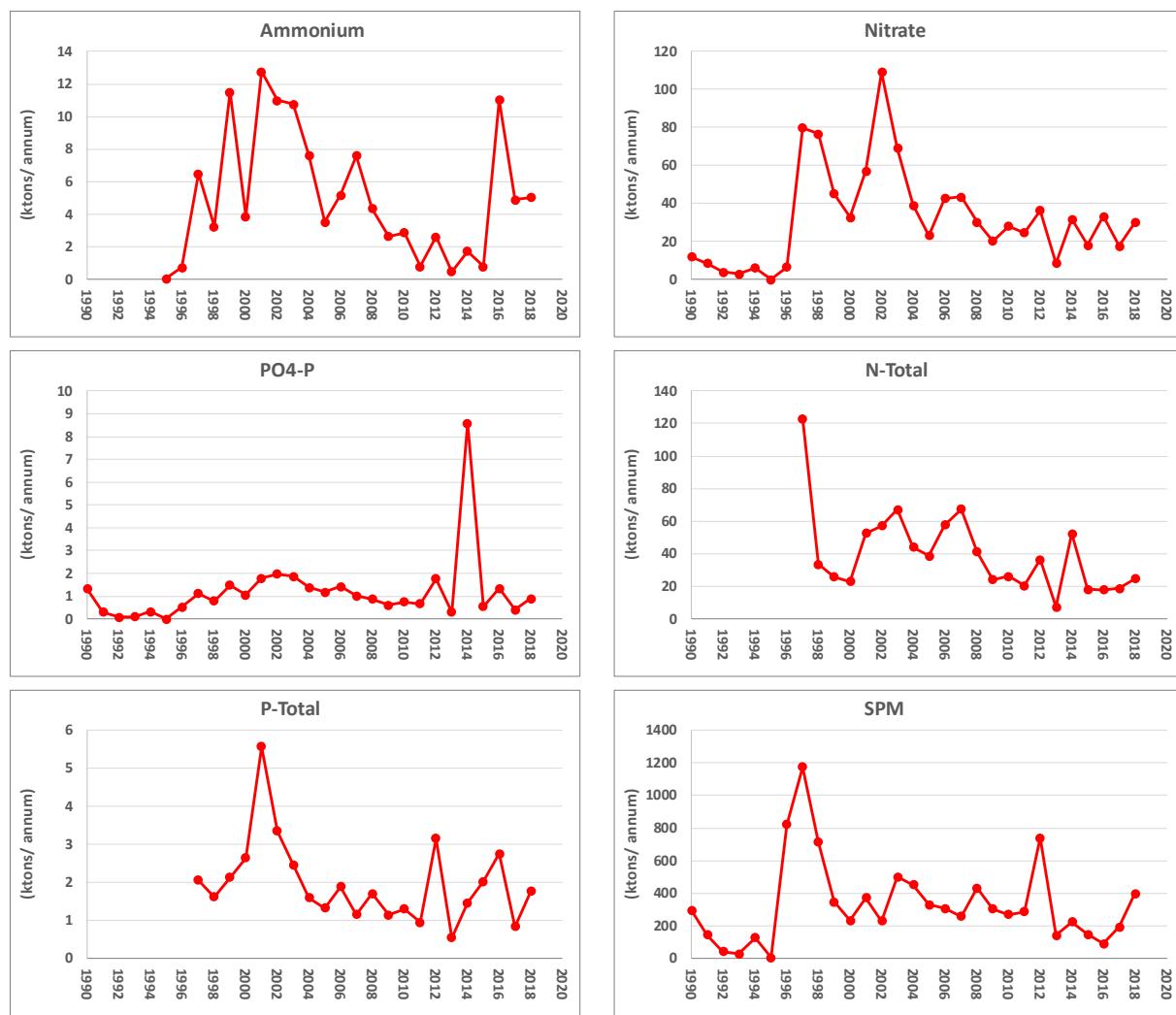


Figure 3g. Riverine inputs (ktons per annum) of nutrients and suspended particulate matter (SPM) from **Spain** to the OSPAR maritime area.

Comprehensive Study on Riverine Inputs and Direct Discharges (RID) – 2018 data report

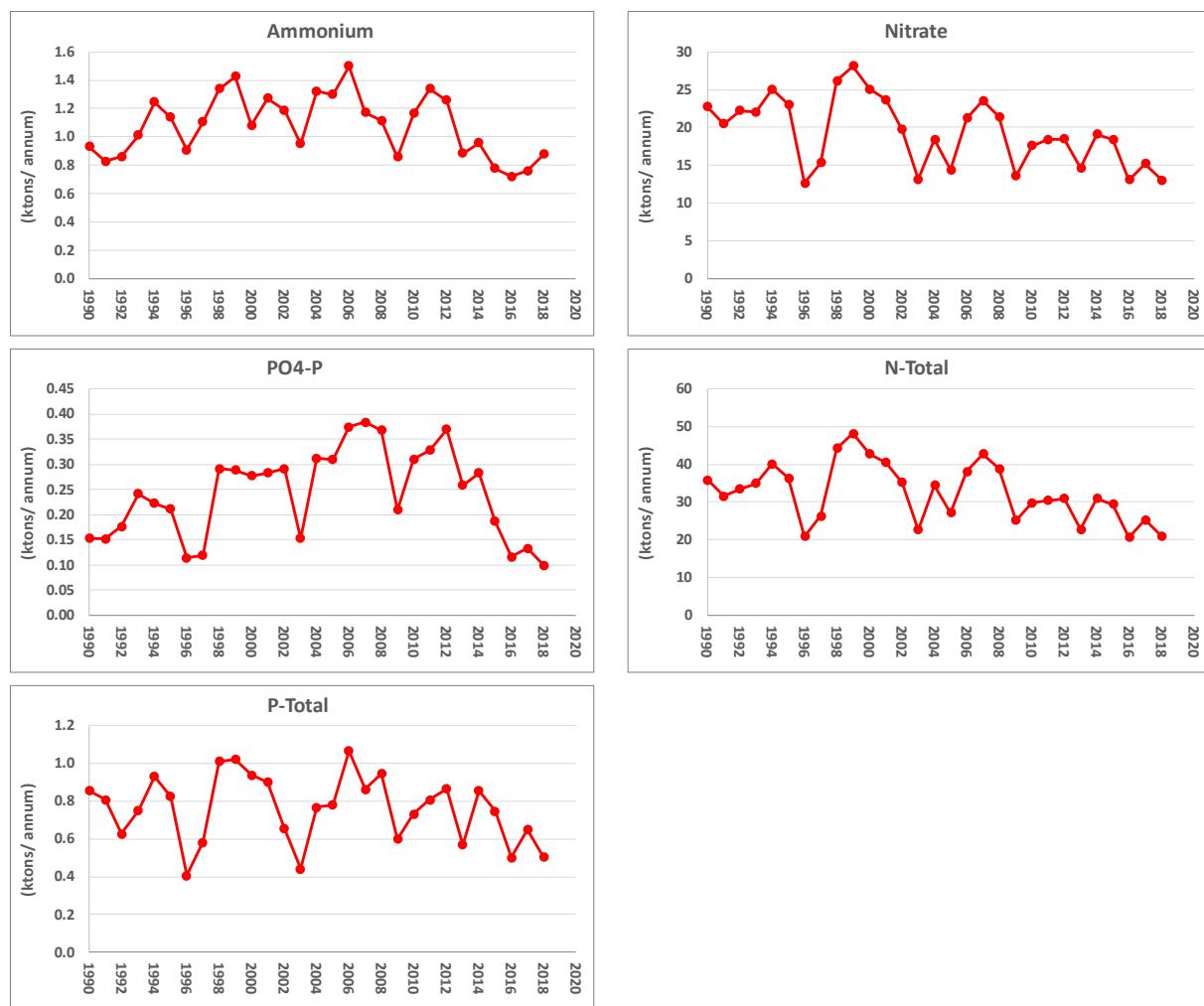


Figure 3h. Riverine inputs (ktons per annum) of nutrients and suspended particulate matter (SPM) from **Sweden** to the OSPAR maritime area.



Figure 3i. Riverine inputs (ktons per annum) of nutrients and suspended particulate matter (SPM) from the **United Kingdom** to the OSPAR maritime area.

Comprehensive Study on Riverine Inputs and Direct Discharges (RID) – 2018 data report

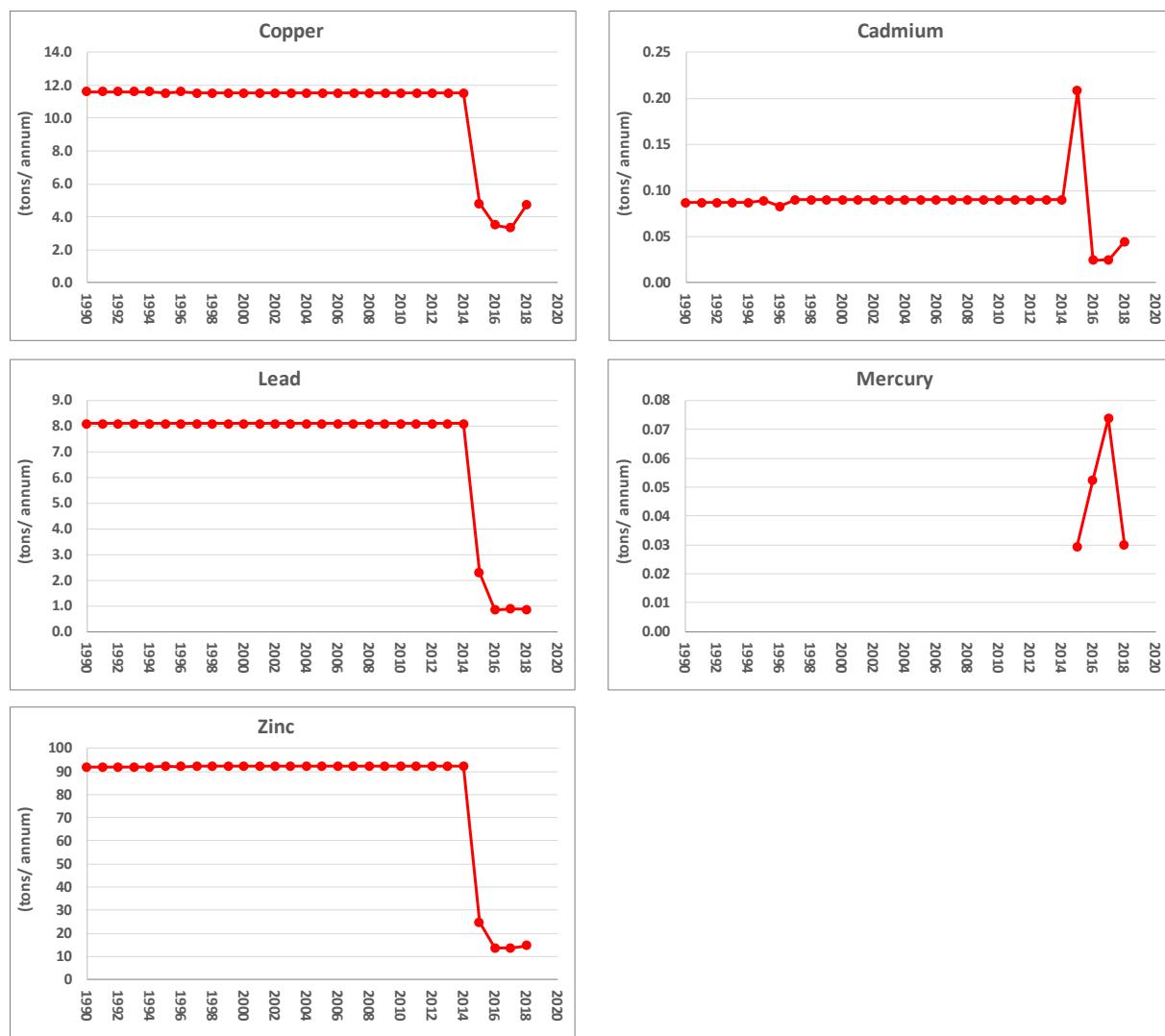


Figure 4a. Direct discharges (tons per annum) of five metals from **Ireland** to the OSPAR maritime area.

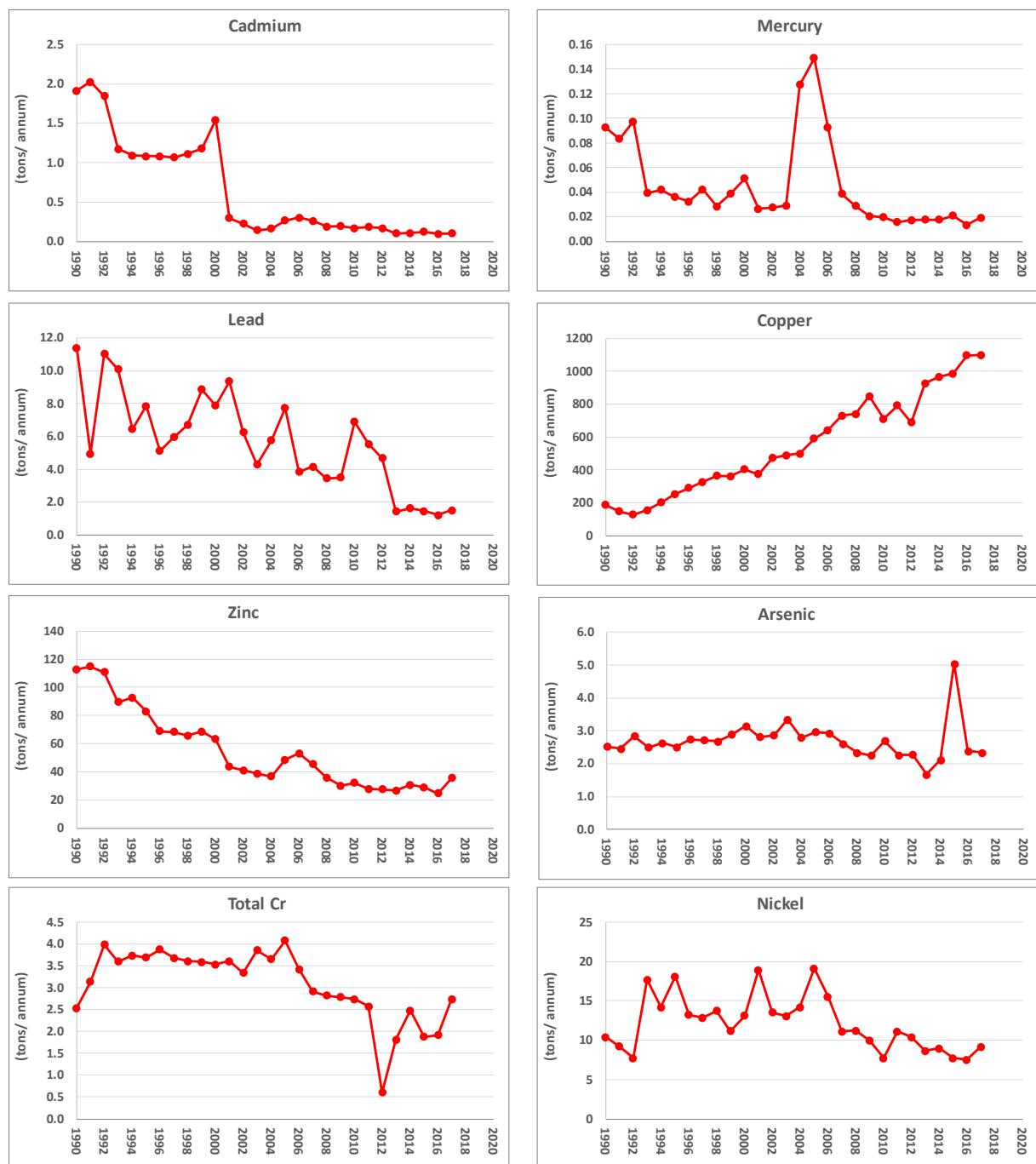


Figure 4b. Direct discharges (tons per annum) of eight metals from Norway to the OSPAR maritime area.

Comprehensive Study on Riverine Inputs and Direct Discharges (RID) – 2018 data report

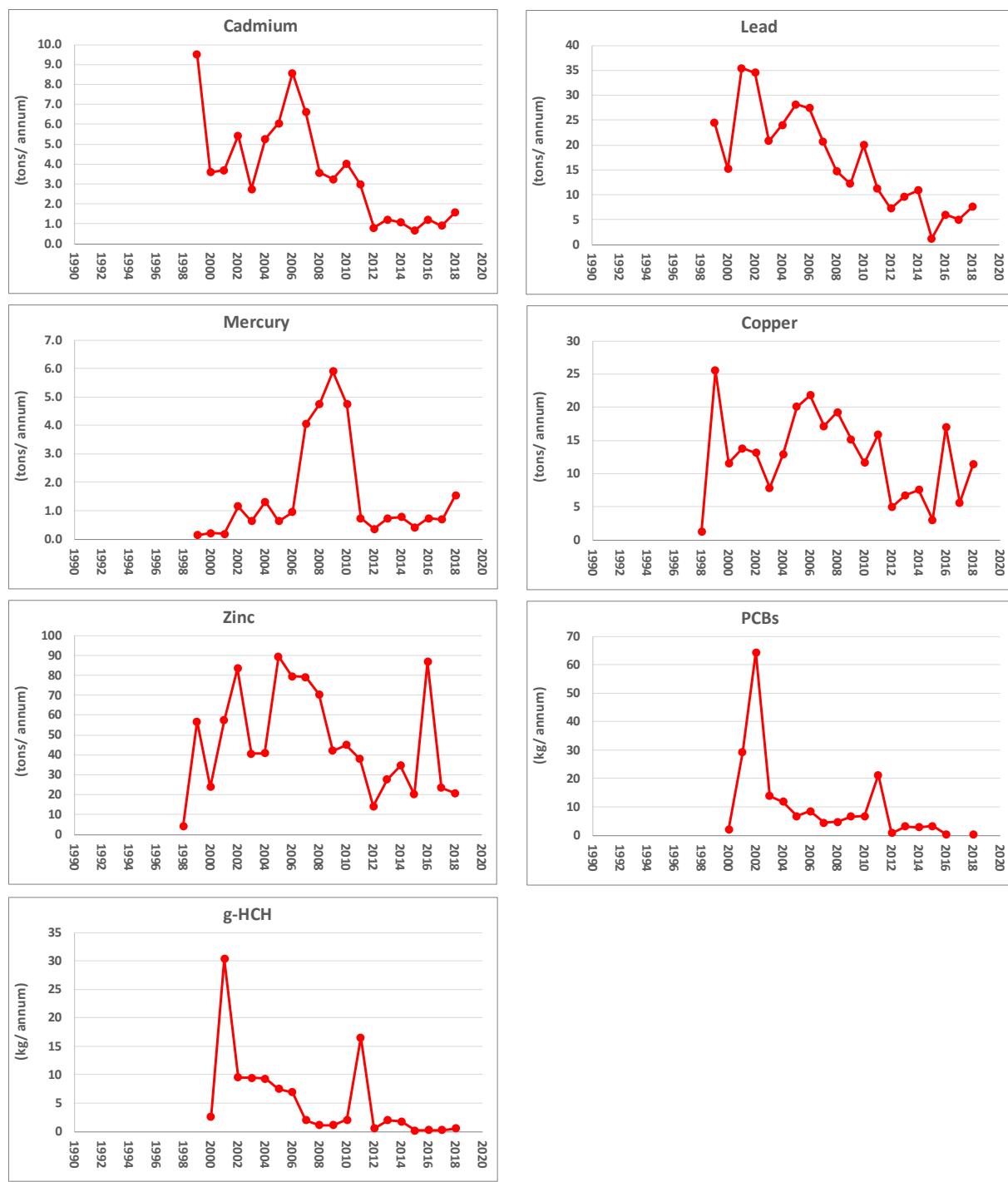


Figure 4c. Direct discharges (tons per annum) of five metals, PCBs and g-HCH (kg per annum) from Spain to the OSPAR maritime area.

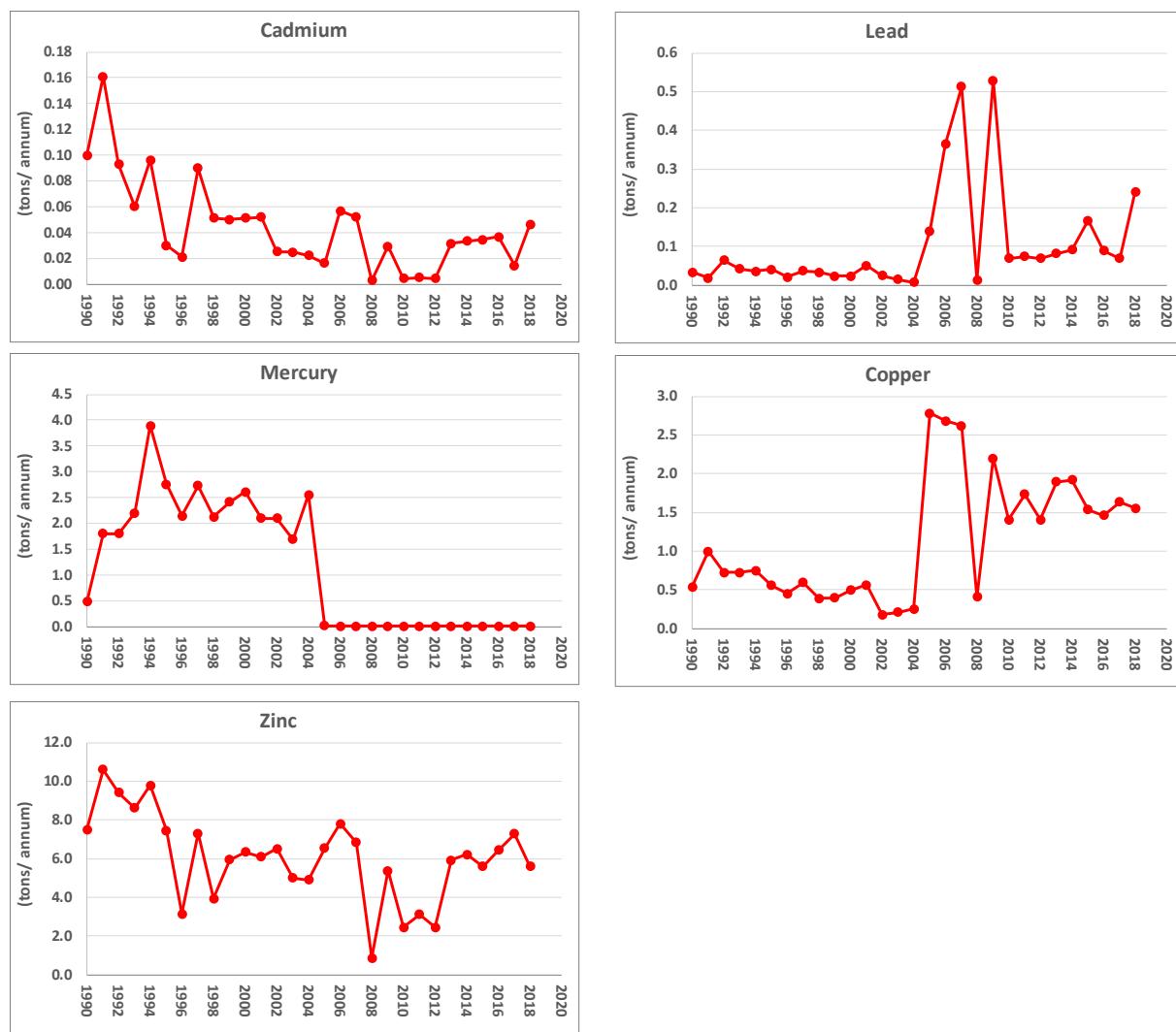


Figure 4d. Direct discharges (tons per annum) of five metals from **Sweden** to the OSPAR maritime area.

## Comprehensive Study on Riverine Inputs and Direct Discharges (RID) – 2018 data report

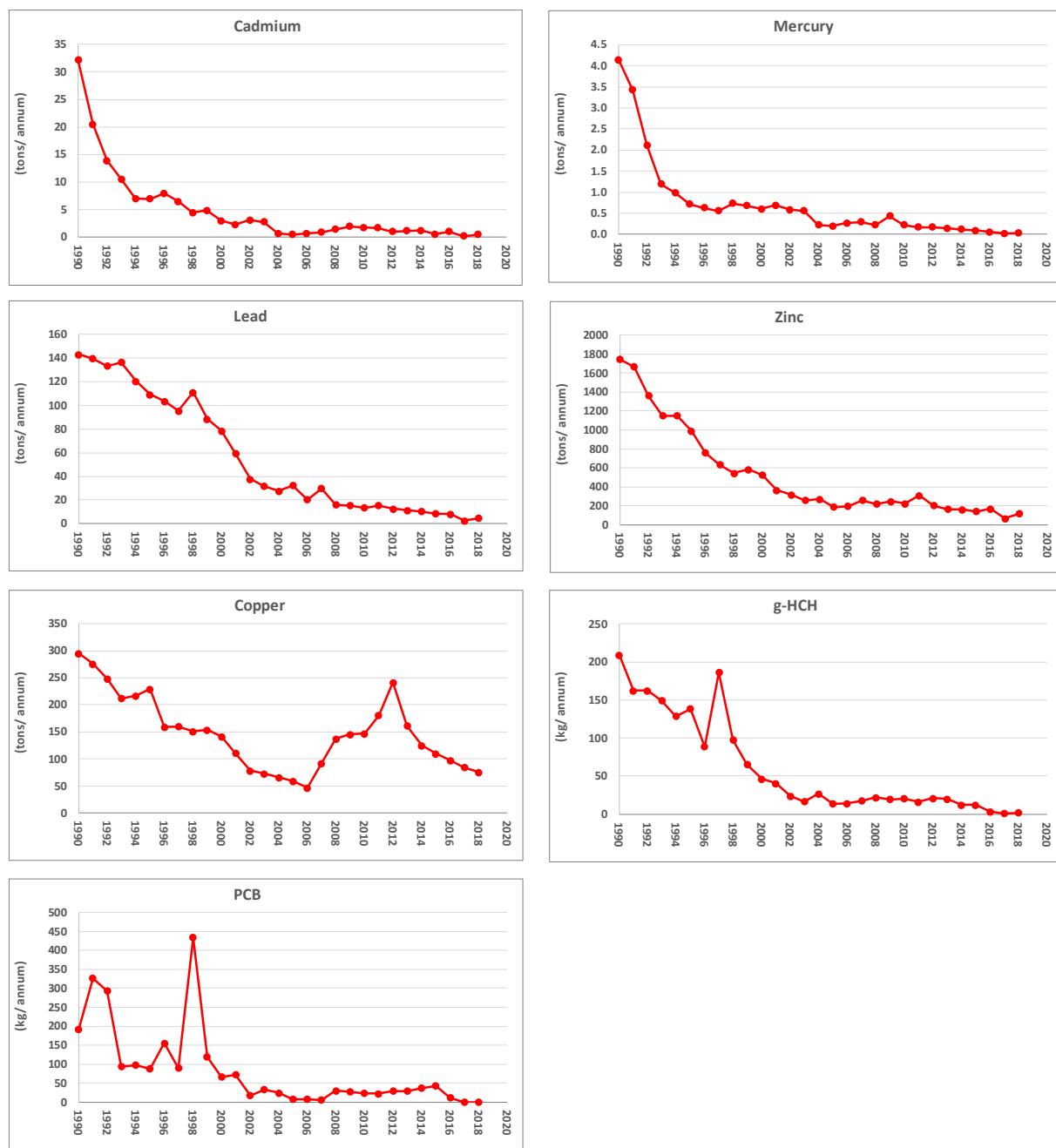


Figure 4e. Direct discharges (tons per annum) of five metals, PCBs and g-HCH (kg per annum) from the **United Kingdom** to the OSPAR maritime area.

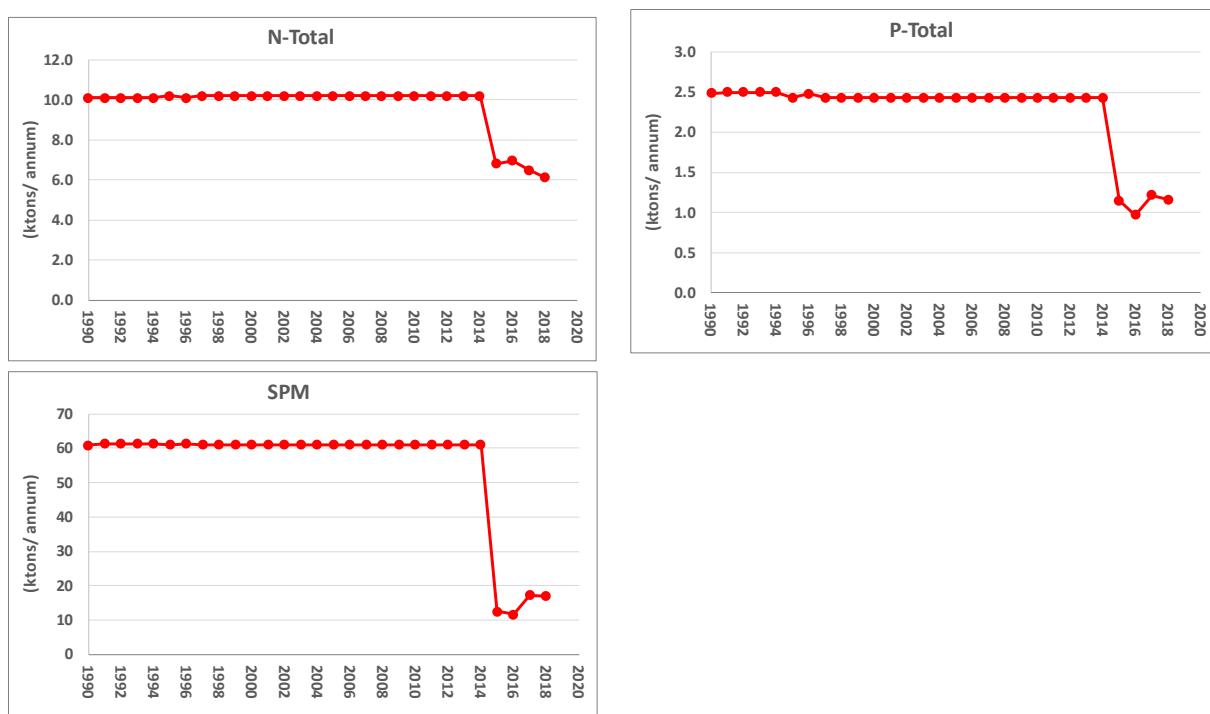


Figure 5a. Direct discharges (ktons per annum) of nutrients and SPM from **Ireland** to the OSPAR maritime area.

Comprehensive Study on Riverine Inputs and Direct Discharges (RID) – 2018 data report

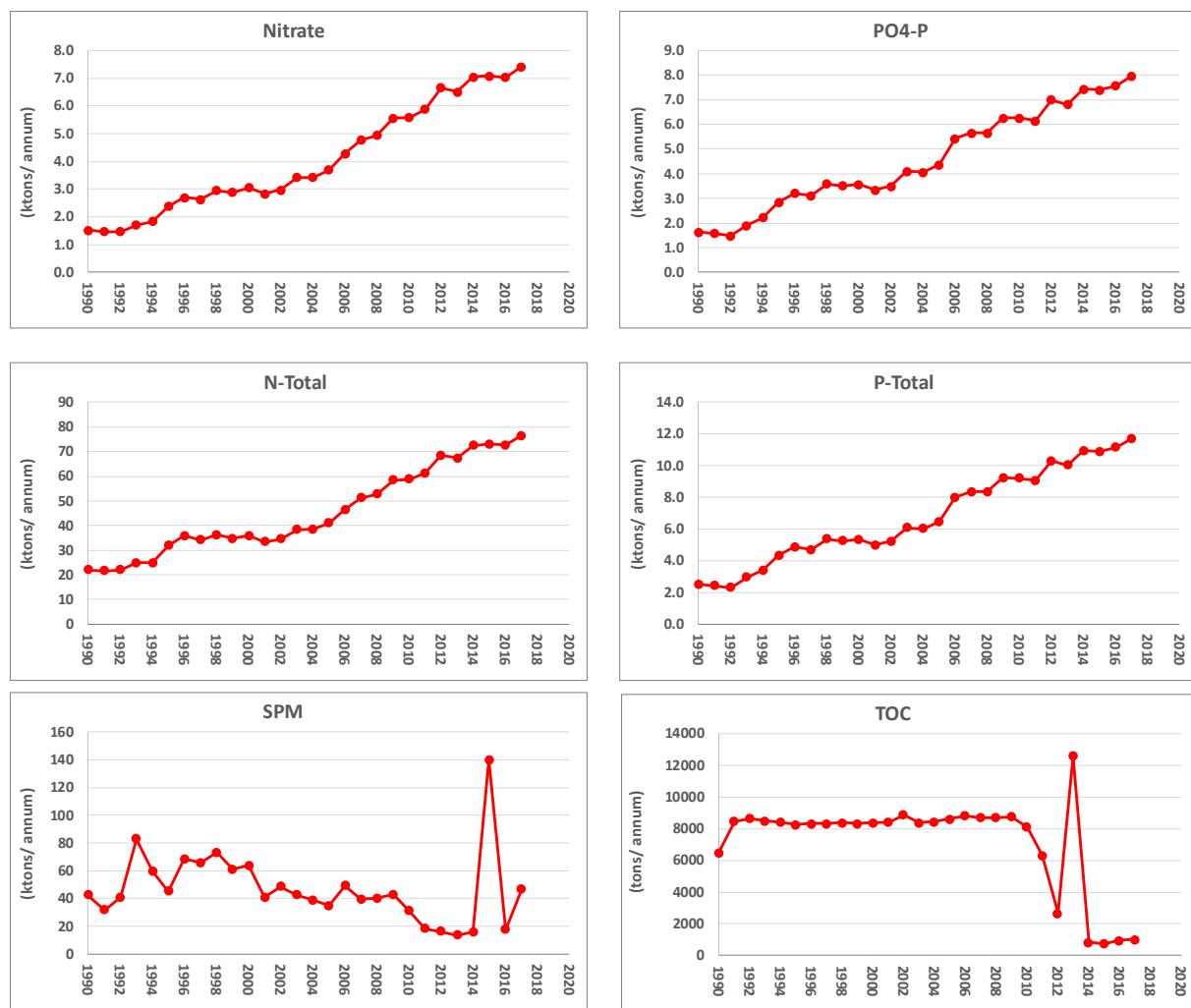


Figure 5b. Direct discharges (ktons per annum) of nutrients and SPM and total organic carbon (TOC) (tons per annum) from **Norway** to the OSPAR maritime area.



Figure 5c. Direct discharges (kttons per annum) of nutrients and suspended particulate matter (SPM) from **Spain** to the OSPAR maritime area.

Comprehensive Study on Riverine Inputs and Direct Discharges (RID) – 2018 data report



Figure 5d. Direct discharges (ktons per annum) of nutrients and suspended particulate matter (SPM) from **Sweden** to the OSPAR maritime area.



Figure 5e. Direct discharges (ktons per annum) of nutrients and suspended particulate matter (SPM) from **United Kingdom** to the OSPAR maritime area.

## Appendix I. Data corrections performed by the RID Data Centre in 2019

The corrections made in 2019 were mainly based on the analyses of the graphs of main constituents from 1990-2017 and are summarised in the table below. The corrected Excel Tables (outputs from the database) were sent to CPs for verification.

*Appendix Table I. Corrections performed in RID database in 2019 (in addition to Table 4).*

<b>Contracting Party</b>	<b>Year(s)</b>	<b>Table(s)</b>	<b>Corrections made</b>
<b>Denmark</b>	2016	7	Missing data for 12 rivers were reported and imported in the database.
<b>Sweden</b>	2017	6a, 6b, 6c, 7	Data on PO <sub>4</sub> -P corrected.

## Appendix II. Glossary

<b>Catchment area</b>	The area of land delimited by watersheds draining into a body of water (river, basin, reservoir, sea).
<b>Cd</b>	Cadmium
<b>Cu</b>	Copper
<b>Direct discharges</b>	Point sources discharging directly to coastal or transitional waters.
<b>Heavy metals</b>	Five heavy metals are mandatory in the RID Programme: cadmium, copper, lead, mercury and zinc.
<b>Hg</b>	Mercury
<b>LOD</b>	Limit of Detection. The minimum concentration of a compound that can be detected.
<b>LOQ</b>	Limit of quantification. The minimum concentration of a compound that can be quantified confidently. LOQ is determined by assessing the variability (standard deviation) of replicate measurements of analytes at a concentration near the detection limit.
<b>Main river</b>	This term is on its way out of the RID Programme, as main and tributary rivers are now exchanged with the term “monitored rivers”. A main river was defined as a river that was monitored at least once a month (12 datasets) every year. Main rivers should be major load bearing rivers.
<b>Monitored area</b>	The catchment upstream of the RID river monitoring station.
<b>Monitored river</b>	All rivers that have RID water quality monitoring stations, irrespective of sampling frequency.
<b>Monitoring station</b>	The site at which water samples are collected for chemical analyses within the RID Programme.
<b>Pb</b>	Lead
<b>Riverine inputs</b>	A mass of a determinand carried to the maritime area by a watercourse (natural or man-made) per unit of time.
<b>SPM</b>	Suspended Particulate Matter
<b>Total inputs</b>	The sum of inputs as measured in the monitored rivers, and estimated from unmonitored areas and direct discharges.
<b>Total-N</b>	Total Nitrogen
<b>Total-P</b>	Total Phosphorus
<b>Tributary river</b>	This term is on its way out of the RID Programme, as main and tributary rivers are now being exchanged with the term “monitored rivers”. A tributary river would have a separate catchment from a main river and an outlet directly to the maritime area or to a main river downstream of a river monitoring point.

A tributary river should be a minor load bearing river and can be sampled at a frequency determined by each Contracting Party.

**Unmonitored area** Any land area not covered by a riverine monitoring station. This can include the part of the catchment located downstream of the riverine monitoring station and all unmonitored catchments. Unmonitored areas can have both diffuse and point sources of pollution. If point sources are discharging directly to coastal or transitional waters, they are named “direct discharges” and should be reported as such.

**Zn** Zinc

Annex I      Annual Overview Tables for the reporting year 2018 (AA Tables)

- AA Table 1a Information Received on Inputs to the Maritime Area of the OSPAR Convention in 2018
- AA Table 1b Determinants Reported by Contracting Parties in 2018
- AA Table 2 Direct Discharges to the Maritime Area of the OSPAR Convention in 2018 by Country
- AA Table 3 Riverine Inputs to the Maritime Area of the OSPAR Convention in 2018 by Country
- AA Table 4a Sum of Direct (Table 2) and Riverine (Table 3) Inputs to the Maritime Area of the OSPAR Convention in 2018 by Country
- AA Table 4b Sum of Direct and Riverine Inputs to the Maritime Area of the OSPAR Convention in 2018 by Sea Area

AA Table 1a. 2018

**Information Received on Inputs to the Maritime Area of the OSPAR Convention in 2018**

Country	Direct Discharges				Coastal Areas	Riverine Inputs	
	Sewage Effluents	Industrial Effluents	Aquaculture Discharges	Other Discharges		Monitored Rivers	Unmonitored Areas
Belgium							
- North Sea (BE)	NA	NA	NA	NA		+	NA
Denmark							
- Skagerrak (DK)	NI	NI	NI	NI		NI	NI
- Kattegat (DK)	NI	NI	NI	NI		NI	NI
- North Sea (DK)	NI	NI	NI	NI		NI	NI
France							
- Channel	NI	NI	NI	NI		+	+
- Atlantic	NI	NI	NI	NI		+	+
Germany							
- North Sea (GER)	+	+	NI	NI		+	+
Iceland							
- Atlantic	NI	NI	NI	NI		+	NI
Ireland							
- Irish Sea	+	+	+	NI		+	+
- Celtic Sea	+	+	+	NI		+	+
- Atlantic	+	+	+	NI		+	+
Netherlands							
- North Sea (NL)	NI	NI	NI	NI		+	NI
Norway							
- Norwegian Sea (NO)	+	+	+	NI		+	+
- Barents Sea (NO)	+	+	+	NI		+	+
- Skagerrak (NO)	+	+	+	NI		+	+
- North Sea (NO)	+	+	+	NI		+	+
Portugal							
- Bay of Biscay and Iberian Coast (PO)	NI	NI	NI	NI		NI	NI
Spain							
- Atlantic (ESP)	+	+	+	NI		+	NI
Sweden							
- Kattegat (SWE)	+	+	NI	NI		+	+
- Skagerrak (SWE)	+	+	NI	NI		+	+
UK							
- North Sea (North)	+	+	+	NI		NI	NI
- North Sea (South)	+	+	NI	NI		NI	NI
- Channel	+	+	NI	NI		NI	NI
- Irish Sea	+	+	NI	NI		NI	NI
- Celtic Sea	+	+	NI	NI		NI	NI
- Atlantic	+	+	+	NI		NI	NI

+ = Information available

NI = No information

NA = Not applicable

Note, that UK delivers the total riverine inputs, not divided between monitored and unmonitored.

AA Table 1b. 2018

**Determinants reported by Contracting Parties in 2018**

Country	Determinands													others
	Cd	Hg	Cu	Pb	Zn	g-HCH	PCBs	NH4-N	NO3-N	PO4-P	N-Total	P-Total	SPM	
<b>Belgium</b>														
- direct inputs	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
- riverine inputs	+	+	+	+	+	NA	NA	+	+	+	+	+	+	
<b>Denmark</b>														
- direct inputs	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	
- riverine inputs	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	
<b>France</b>														
- direct inputs	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	
- riverine inputs	+(4)	R+(4)	R+(4)	R+(4)	R+(4)	R+(4)	NI	R+(4)	R+(4)	R+(4)	+(4)	R+(4)	R+(4)	
<b>Germany</b>														
- direct inputs	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
- riverine inputs	+(3)	+(4)	+(3)	+(3)	+(3)	+(3)	+(4)	+(3)	+(3)	+(4)	+(3)	+(3)	+(4)	
<b>Iceland</b>														
- direct inputs	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	
- riverine inputs	+	+	+	+	+	NI	NI	+	+	+	+	+	NI	
<b>Ireland</b>														
- direct inputs	+	+	+	+	+	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	+	+	+	
- riverine inputs	+(4)	+(4)	+(4)	+(3)	+(3)	NI	NI	+(4)	+(3)	+(4)	+(3)	+(3)	+(4)	
<b>Netherlands</b>														
- direct inputs	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	
- riverine inputs	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	EOX
<b>Norway</b>														
- direct inputs	+	+	+	+	+	NI	NI	+	+	+	+	+	+	As,Total Cr,Ni,TOC
- riverine inputs	+(3)	+(4)	+(3)	+(3)	+(3)	NI	NI	+(4)	+(3)	+(4)	+(3)	+(3)	+(3)	As,Total Cr,Ni,TOC
<b>Portugal</b>														
- direct inputs	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	
- riverine inputs	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	
<b>Spain</b>														
- direct inputs	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	
- riverine inputs	+(4)	+(4)	+(4)	+(4)	+(4)	+(4)	+(4)	+(4)	+(3)	+(4)	+(4)	+(4)	+(4)	
<b>Sweden</b>														
- direct inputs	+	+	+	+	+	NI	NI	+	NI	NI	+	+	NI	
- riverine inputs	+(4)	+(4)	+(4)	+(4)	+(4)	NI	NI	+(4)	+(4)	+(4)	+(4)	+(4)	+(4)	
<b>UK</b>														
- direct inputs	R+	R+	R+	R+	R+	R+	R+	R+	R+	R+	R+	R+	R+	
- riverine inputs	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	

+ : Data provided

R: Estimate given as a range

(3) 70 % of measurements above detection limit

(4) Less than 70 % of measurements above detection limit

NI: No information

NA: Not applicable

# Comprehensive Study on Riverine Inputs and Direct Discharges (RID) – 2018 data report

AA Table 2. 2018

## Direct Discharges to the Maritime Area of the OSPAR Convention in 2018 by Country

Country	Region	Cd [t/a]	Hg [t/a]	Cu [t/a]	Pb [t/a]	Zn [t/a]	g-HCH [kg/a]	PCBs [kg/a]	NH4-N [kt/a]	NO3-N [kt/a]	PO4-P [kt/a]	N-Total [kt/a]	P-Total [kt/a]	SPM [kt/a]
Belgium	North Sea (BE)	lower NA upper NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Denmark	Kattegat (DK)	lower NI upper NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI
	North Sea (DK)	lower NI upper NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI
	Skagerrak (DK)	lower NI upper NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI
France	Atlantic	lower NI upper NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI
	Channel	lower NI upper NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI
Germany	North Sea (GER)	lower 0.00 upper 0.07	0.00 0.03	1.55 1.81	0.71 0.94	7.94 7.99	0.01 0.27	0.03 1.84	1.66 1.66	1.08 1.08	0.04 0.04	2.41 2.41	0.35 0.36	1.15 1.15
Iceland	Atlantic	lower NI upper NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI
Ireland	Atlantic	lower 0.00 upper 0.00	0.00 0.26	0.26 0.26	0.07 0.07	1.06 1.06	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	0.92 0.92	0.15 0.15	1.52 1.52
	Celtic Sea	lower 0.03 upper 0.03	0.03 0.93	0.93 0.26	3.72 3.72	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	1.67 1.67	0.26 0.26	4.03 4.03
	Irish Sea	lower 0.01 upper 0.01	0.00 0.00	3.52 3.52	0.55 0.55	9.87 9.87	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	3.53 3.53	0.75 0.75	11.39 11.39
Netherlands	North Sea (NL)	lower NI upper NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI
Norway	Barents Sea (NO)	lower 0.0 upper 0.0	301.0 301.0	0.0 0.0	0.4 0.4	NI NI	NI NI	13.2 13.2	1.7 1.7	1.9 1.9	16.6 16.6	2.8 2.8	7.0 7.0	
	North Sea (NO)	lower 0.0 upper 0.0	381.0 381.0	0.8 0.8	7.4 7.4	NI NI	NI NI	18.1 18.1	2.3 2.3	2.6 2.6	22.9 22.9	3.8 3.8	12.0 12.0	
	Norwegian Sea (NC)	lower 0.0 upper 0.0	537.0 537.0	0.1 0.1	5.4 5.4	NI NI	NI NI	23.9 23.9	3.1 3.1	3.4 3.4	30.1 30.1	5.0 5.0	8.4 8.4	
	Skagerrak (NO)	lower 0.0 upper 0.0	0.0 0.0	7.2 7.2	0.4 0.4	16.8 16.8	NI NI	NI NI	4.7 4.7	0.3 0.3	0.1 0.1	6.3 6.3	0.2 0.2	3.0 3.0
Portugal	Bay of Biscay and	lower NI upper NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI
Spain	Atlantic (ESP)	lower 1.6 upper 1.6	1.5 1.5	11.3 11.3	7.6 7.6	20.9 20.9	0.5 0.5	0.4 0.4	8.9 8.9	2.3 2.3	0.9 0.9	16.4 16.4	3.4 3.4	206.5 206.5
Sweden	Kattegat (SWE)	lower 0.05 upper 0.05	0.00 0.00	1.42 1.42	0.24 0.24	4.88 4.88	NI NI	NI NI	0.58 0.58	NI NI	NI NI	1.22 1.22	0.05 0.05	NI NI
	Skagerrak (SWE)	lower 0.00 upper 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.14 0.14	0.00 0.00	0.71 0.71	NI NI	NI NI	0.14 0.14	NI NI	NI NI	0.26 0.26	0.01 0.01	NI NI
UK	Atlantic	lower 0.01 upper 0.15	0.00 0.00	35.95 36.14	0.51 1.09	33.35 33.35	0.83 1.27	NI NI	2.85 2.85	2.39 2.40	1.04 1.04	13.89 13.90	2.42 2.42	13.99 14.05
	Celtic Sea	lower 0.00 upper 0.01	0.00 0.00	0.60 0.61	0.04 0.19	4.00 4.02	NI NI	0.00 0.44	0.54 0.59	0.68 0.68	0.18 0.20	NI NI	0.18 0.20	1.90 2.09
	Channel	lower 0.00 upper 0.00	NI NI	0.95 0.95	0.02 0.02	0.53 0.53	NI NI	NI NI	0.54 0.55	NI NI	NI NI	0.87 0.87	NI NI	4.58 4.69
	Irish Sea	lower 0.00 upper 0.38	0.01 0.01	0.30 2.61	0.19 2.89	8.03 14.51	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.31	2.03 2.06	0.46 0.46	0.41 0.41	1.92 1.92	0.06 0.06	10.73 10.98
	North Sea (North)	lower 0.09 upper 0.11	0.01 0.01	34.00 34.04	1.47 1.52	62.68 62.93	0.60 0.71	0.00 0.07	13.41 13.42	3.59 3.67	1.25 1.26	19.91 19.91	3.52 3.52	28.93 28.96
	North Sea (South)	lower 0.02 upper 0.04	0.00 0.00	2.52 2.66	0.68 0.69	6.12 7.60	NI NI	NI NI	0.90 0.98	0.01 0.01	NI NI	NI NI	NI NI	28.53 28.78

NI: No information

NA: Not applicable

Note, that German direct discharges are shown without the data of the river Elbe

AA Table 3. 2018

**Riverine Inputs to the Maritime Area of the OSPAR Convention in 2018 by Country**

Country	Sea Area	Cd [t/a]	Hg [t/a]	Cu [t/a]	Pb [t/a]	Zn [t/a]	g-HCH [kg/a]	PCBs [kg/a]	NH4-N [kt/a]	NO3-N [kt/a]	PO4-P [kt/a]	N-Total [kt/a]	P-Total [kt/a]	SPM [kt/a]
Belgium	North Sea (BE)	lower 0.55	0.03	11.44	0.98	20.47	NA	NA	1.16	10.79	0.54	14.7	1.19	215.7
		upper 0.55	0.03	11.44	0.98	20.47	NA	NA	1.16	10.79	0.54	14.7	1.19	215.7
Denmark	Kattegat (DK)	lower NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI
	upper NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI
	North Sea (DK)	lower NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI
	upper NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI
	Skagerrak (DK)	lower NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI
	upper NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI
France	Atlantic	lower 0.0	0.0	107.2	16.0	279.0	0.0	NI	6.1	339.3	3.3	0.0	10.8	7052.6
		upper 0.0	0.9	111.7	25.4	380.6	498.7	NI	6.1	339.3	3.5	0.0	10.8	7053.7
	Channel	lower NI	0.0	68.1	28.1	329.1	6.7	NI	3.8	199.1	2.6	NI	4.2	1227.8
		upper NI	0.0	68.1	28.2	330.4	38.2	NI	3.8	200.8	2.6	NI	4.2	1227.9
Germany	North Sea (GER)	lower 0.92	0.10	39.69	26.96	200.01	2.75	2.39	2.04	44.43	0.37	52.2	1.92	152.9
		upper 0.94	0.12	39.69	27.06	200.06	2.75	9.53	2.10	44.43	0.46	52.2	1.92	294.5
Iceland	Atlantic	lower 0.05	0.05	6.46	0.45	16.20	NI	NI	0.11	0.50	0.40	1.29	0.41	NI
		upper 0.05	0.05	6.46	0.45	16.20	NI	NI	0.11	0.50	0.40	1.29	0.41	NI
Ireland	Atlantic	lower 0.28	0.11	33.40	2.38	127.76	NI	NI	0.27	8.22	0.25	20.60	0.52	67.47
		upper 0.50	0.42	38.94	4.90	128.97	NI	NI	0.52	8.86	0.35	20.97	0.55	116.36
	Celtic Sea	lower 0.71	0.11	56.87	17.43	235.97	NI	NI	1.60	66.21	1.02	82.40	1.91	398.99
		upper 0.90	0.62	60.98	19.60	236.64	NI	NI	1.78	66.23	1.05	82.45	1.91	443.09
	Irish Sea	lower 0.42	0.02	21.18	4.48	156.47	NI	NI	0.29	24.27	0.14	31.23	0.33	67.98
		upper 0.42	0.15	21.78	5.02	156.59	NI	NI	0.33	24.45	0.15	31.39	0.33	73.95
Netherlands	North Sea (NL)	lower 2.85	0.65	196.13	110.48	697.57	11.03	0.00	7.26	165.30	3.43	231.67	5.45	1360.7
		upper 2.92	0.65	196.13	110.48	699.35	11.06	0.00	7.27	165.32	3.43	232.61	5.48	1414.8
Norway	Barents Sea (NO)	lower 0.27	0.01	124.45	1.93	39.89	NI	NI	0.67	4.64	0.09	10.37	0.26	49.4
		upper 0.27	0.01	124.45	1.93	39.89	NI	NI	0.67	4.64	0.09	10.37	0.26	49.4
	North Sea (NO)	lower 0.38	0.03	24.55	7.95	92.09	NI	NI	1.21	17.47	0.16	28.91	0.51	80.6
		upper 0.38	0.03	24.55	7.95	92.09	NI	NI	1.21	17.47	0.16	28.91	0.51	80.6
	Norwegian Sea (N)	lower 0.25	0.03	42.54	3.09	94.93	NI	NI	1.03	11.41	0.17	22.12	0.53	137.4
		upper 0.25	0.03	42.54	3.09	94.93	NI	NI	1.03	11.41	0.17	22.12	0.53	137.4
	Skagerrak (NO)	lower 0.79	0.01	58.65	13.25	220.63	NI	NI	1.04	19.30	0.32	31.49	0.69	241.4
		upper 0.79	0.01	58.65	13.25	220.63	NI	NI	1.04	19.30	0.32	31.49	0.69	241.4
Portugal	Bay of Biscay and	lower NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI
		upper NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI
Spain	Atlantic (ESP)	lower 28.1	0.0	3405.1	38.7	7151.8	1.3	0.0	4.8	30.1	0.7	24.2	1.6	391.7
		upper 28.2	0.1	3406.0	40.7	7173.8	22.1	5.8	5.2	30.3	1.1	25.1	1.9	403.9
Sweden	Kattegat (SWE)	lower 0.24	0.04	22.20	5.87	62.10	NI	NI	0.79	11.85	0.08	18.65	0.43	139.29
		upper 0.24	0.04	22.20	5.87	62.10	NI	NI	0.79	11.85	0.08	18.65	0.43	139.29
	Skagerrak (SWE)	lower 0.05	0.01	2.88	1.23	17.80	NI	NI	0.09	1.12	0.02	2.24	0.08	26.19
		upper 0.05	0.01	2.88	1.23	17.80	NI	NI	0.09	1.12	0.02	2.24	0.08	26.19
UK	Atlantic	lower 0.21	0.07	34.57	9.05	75.22	NI	NI	1.01	10.59	0.50	14.32	1.34	133.53
		upper 0.58	0.14	34.96	10.67	76.85	NI	NI	1.17	11.16	0.54	14.43	1.35	138.98
	Celtic Sea	lower 1.04	0.01	38.36	19.38	426.07	0.00	0.00	1.24	41.47	1.12	31.09	1.12	435.15
		upper 1.78	0.11	39.88	30.11	434.16	12.69	30.76	1.33	41.47	1.13	31.17	1.13	441.08
	Channel	lower 0.46	0.03	36.55	13.79	124.28	0.00	0.00	0.35	27.08	0.56	32.14	0.56	135.50
		upper 0.48	0.09	36.59	14.11	124.45	27.59	75.62	0.42	27.09	0.56	32.14	0.56	137.96
	Irish Sea	lower 1.24	0.04	112.00	82.04	505.91	0.03	0.30	1.78	35.25	1.40	44.68	1.58	221.36
		upper 1.60	0.20	112.62	87.75	506.39	24.82	72.06	1.96	35.31	1.44	44.68	1.61	235.55
	North Sea (North)	lower 0.55	0.10	25.84	29.77	132.32	0.00	0.00	0.69	23.24	0.40	30.07	0.69	157.54
		upper 0.67	0.23	25.86	32.64	134.10	12.12	34.17	0.88	24.01	0.48	30.08	0.71	167.04
	North Sea (South)	lower 0.93	0.03	51.06	39.08	475.93	0.43	0.00	3.13	93.56	2.32	115.17	2.32	296.77
		upper 0.95	0.14	51.08	39.27	477.25	47.71	125.22	3.16	93.59	2.32	115.17	2.32	297.59

NI: No information

NA: Not applicable

Note, that German riverine inputs are shown without the data of the river Elbe

**AA Table 4a. 2018****Sum of Direct (Table 2) and Riverine (Table 3) Inputs to the Maritime area of the OSPAR Convention in 2018 by Country**

Sea Area	Region	Cd [t/a]	Hg [t/a]	Cu [t/a]	Pb [t/a]	Zn [t/a]	g-HCH [kg/a]	PCBs [kg/a]	NH4-N [kt/a]	NO3-N [kt/a]	PO4-P [kt/a]	N-Total [kt/a]	P-Total [kt/a]	SPM [kt/a]
Belgium	North Sea (BE)	lower 0.6	0.0	11.4	1.0	20.5	NA	NA	1.2	10.8	0.5	14.7	1.2	215.7
		upper 0.6	0.0	11.4	1.0	20.5	NA	NA	1.2	10.8	0.5	14.7	1.2	215.7
Denmark	Kattegat (DK)	lower NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI
	upper NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI
	North Sea (DK)	lower NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI
	upper NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI
	Skagerrak (DK)	lower NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI
	upper NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI
France	Atlantic	lower 0.0	0.0	107.2	16.0	279.0	0.0	NI	6.1	339.3	3.3	0.0	10.8	7052.6
		upper 0.0	0.9	111.7	25.4	380.6	498.7	NI	6.1	339.3	3.5	0.0	10.8	7053.7
	Channel	lower NI	0.0	68.1	28.1	329.1	6.7	NI	3.8	199.1	2.6	NI	4.2	1227.8
		upper NI	0.0	68.1	28.2	330.4	38.2	NI	3.8	200.8	2.6	NI	4.2	1227.9
Germany	North Sea (GER)	lower 0.9	0.1	41.2	27.7	207.9	2.8	2.4	3.7	45.5	0.4	54.6	2.3	154.0
		upper 1.0	0.1	41.5	28.0	208.1	3.0	11.4	3.8	45.5	0.5	54.6	2.3	295.6
Iceland	Atlantic	lower 0.0	0.0	6.5	0.4	16.2	NI	NI	0.1	0.5	0.4	1.3	0.4	NI
		upper 0.0	0.0	6.5	0.4	16.2	NI	NI	0.1	0.5	0.4	1.3	0.4	NI
Ireland	Atlantic	lower 0.3	0.1	33.7	2.4	128.8	NI	NI	0.3	8.2	0.2	21.5	0.7	69.0
		upper 0.5	0.4	39.2	5.0	130.0	NI	NI	0.5	8.9	0.4	21.9	0.7	117.9
	Celtic Sea	lower 0.7	0.1	57.8	17.7	239.7	NI	NI	1.6	66.2	1.0	84.1	2.2	403.0
		upper 0.9	0.7	61.9	19.9	240.4	NI	NI	1.8	66.2	1.1	84.1	2.2	447.1
	Irish Sea	lower 0.4	0.0	24.7	5.0	166.3	NI	NI	0.3	24.3	0.1	34.8	1.1	79.4
		upper 0.4	0.1	25.3	5.6	166.5	NI	NI	0.3	24.5	0.2	34.9	1.1	85.3
Netherlands	North Sea (NL)	lower 2.8	0.7	196.1	110.5	697.6	11.0	0.0	7.3	165.3	3.4	231.7	5.4	1360.7
		upper 2.9	0.7	196.1	110.5	699.3	11.1	0.0	7.3	165.3	3.4	232.6	5.5	1414.8
Norway	Barents Sea (NO)	lower 0.3	0.0	425.4	1.9	40.3	NI	NI	13.9	6.4	2.0	27.0	3.0	56.5
		upper 0.3	0.0	425.4	1.9	40.3	NI	NI	13.9	6.4	2.0	27.0	3.0	56.5
	North Sea (NO)	lower 0.4	0.0	405.6	8.8	99.5	NI	NI	19.4	19.7	2.7	51.8	4.3	92.5
		upper 0.4	0.0	405.6	8.8	99.5	NI	NI	19.4	19.7	2.7	51.8	4.3	92.5
	Norwegian Sea (N)	lower 0.3	0.0	579.6	3.2	100.4	NI	NI	24.9	14.5	3.6	52.2	5.6	145.8
		upper 0.3	0.0	579.6	3.2	100.4	NI	NI	24.9	14.5	3.6	52.2	5.6	145.8
	Skagerrak (NO)	lower 0.8	0.0	65.9	13.7	237.4	NI	NI	5.8	19.6	0.4	37.8	0.8	244.4
		upper 0.8	0.0	65.9	13.7	237.4	NI	NI	5.8	19.6	0.4	37.8	0.8	244.4
Portugal	Bay of Biscay and	lower NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI
		upper NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI
Spain	Atlantic (ESP)	lower 29.7	1.6	3416.4	46.3	7172.7	1.8	0.4	13.7	32.3	1.6	40.6	4.9	598.1
		upper 29.8	1.6	3417.4	48.3	7194.7	22.6	6.2	14.1	32.6	2.0	41.5	5.3	610.3
Sweden	Kattegat (SWE)	lower 0.3	0.0	23.6	6.1	67.0	NI	NI	1.4	11.8	0.1	19.9	0.5	139.3
		upper 0.3	0.0	23.6	6.1	67.0	NI	NI	1.4	11.8	0.1	19.9	0.5	139.3
	Skagerrak (SWE)	lower 0.0	0.0	3.0	1.2	18.5	NI	NI	0.2	1.1	0.0	2.5	0.1	26.2
		upper 0.0	0.0	3.0	1.2	18.5	NI	NI	0.2	1.1	0.0	2.5	0.1	26.2
UK	Atlantic	lower 0.2	0.1	70.5	9.6	108.6	0.8	NI	3.9	13.0	1.5	28.2	3.8	147.5
		upper 0.7	0.1	71.1	11.8	110.2	1.3	NI	4.0	13.6	1.6	28.3	3.8	153.0
	Celtic Sea	lower 1.0	0.0	39.0	19.4	430.1	0.0	0.0	1.8	42.1	1.3	31.1	1.3	437.0
		upper 1.8	0.1	40.5	30.3	438.2	12.7	31.2	1.9	42.1	1.3	31.2	1.3	443.2
	Channel	lower 0.5	0.0	37.5	13.8	124.8	0.0	0.0	0.9	27.1	0.6	33.0	0.6	140.1
		upper 0.5	0.1	37.5	14.1	125.0	27.6	75.6	1.0	27.1	0.6	33.0	0.6	142.6
	Irish Sea	lower 1.2	0.1	112.3	82.2	513.9	0.0	0.3	3.8	35.7	1.8	46.6	1.6	232.1
		upper 2.0	0.2	115.2	90.6	520.9	24.8	72.4	4.0	35.8	1.9	46.6	1.7	246.5
	North Sea (North)	lower 0.6	0.1	59.8	31.2	195.0	0.6	0.0	14.1	26.8	1.6	50.0	4.2	186.5
		upper 0.8	0.2	59.9	34.2	197.0	12.8	34.2	14.3	27.7	1.7	50.0	4.2	196.0
	North Sea (South)	lower 1.0	0.0	53.6	39.8	482.0	0.4	0.0	4.0	93.6	2.3	115.2	2.3	325.3
		upper 1.0	0.1	53.7	40.0	484.9	47.7	125.2	4.1	93.6	2.3	115.2	2.3	326.4

NI: No information

NA: Not applicable

Note, that German direct and riverine discharges are shown without the data of the river Elbe.

AA Table 4b. 2018

**Sum of Direct and Riverine Inputs to the Maritime area of the OSPAR Convention in 2018 by Sea Area**

Sea Area		Cd [t/a]	Hg [t/a]	Cu [t/a]	Pb [t/a]	Zn [t/a]	g-HCH [kg/a]	PCBs [kg/a]	NH4-N [kt/a]	NO3-N [kt/a]	PO4-P [kt/a]	N-Total [kt/a]	P-Total [kt/a]	SPM [kt/a]
Arctic Ocean	lower	0.3	0.0	425.4	1.9	40.3	NI	NI	13.9	6.4	2.0	27.0	3.0	56.5
	upper	0.3	0.0	425.4	1.9	40.3	NI	NI	13.9	6.4	2.0	27.0	3.0	56.5
Atlantic Ocean	lower	0.5	0.2	104.2	12.0	237.4	0.8	NI	4.1	21.2	1.8	49.7	4.4	216.5
	upper	1.2	0.6	110.3	16.7	240.2	1.3	NI	4.5	22.4	1.9	50.2	4.5	270.9
Bay of Biscay and Iberian Coast	lower	29.7	1.6	3523.6	62.3	7451.7	1.8	0.4	19.8	371.7	5.0	40.6	15.7	7650.7
	upper	29.8	2.5	3529.1	73.7	7575.3	521.3	6.2	20.2	371.9	5.5	41.5	16.1	7664.0
Celtic Sea	lower	1.8	0.1	96.8	37.1	669.8	0.0	0.0	3.4	108.4	2.3	115.2	3.5	840.1
	upper	2.7	0.8	102.4	50.2	678.5	12.7	31.2	3.7	108.4	2.4	115.3	3.5	890.3
Channel	lower	0.5	0.0	105.6	41.9	453.9	6.7	0.0	4.7	226.1	3.2	33.0	4.7	1367.9
	upper	0.5	0.1	105.6	42.4	455.3	65.8	75.6	4.7	227.9	3.2	33.0	4.7	1370.6
Irish Sea	lower	1.7	0.1	137.0	87.3	680.3	0.0	0.3	4.1	60.0	1.9	81.4	2.7	311.5
	upper	2.4	0.4	140.5	96.2	687.4	24.8	72.4	4.3	60.2	2.0	81.5	2.8	331.9
Kattegat	lower	0.3	0.0	23.6	6.1	67.0	NI	NI	1.4	11.8	0.1	19.9	0.5	139.3
	upper	0.3	0.0	23.6	6.1	67.0	NI	NI	1.4	11.8	0.1	19.9	0.5	139.3
North Sea (main body)	lower	6.3	1.0	767.8	218.9	1702.5	14.8	2.4	49.6	361.7	11.1	517.9	19.8	2334.7
	upper	6.7	1.2	768.3	222.3	1709.3	74.6	170.8	50.0	362.6	11.3	518.9	19.8	2541.0
Norwegian Sea	lower	0.3	0.0	579.6	3.2	100.4	NI	NI	24.9	14.5	3.6	52.2	5.6	145.8
	upper	0.3	0.0	579.6	3.2	100.4	NI	NI	24.9	14.5	3.6	52.2	5.6	145.8
Skagerrak	lower	0.9	0.0	68.9	14.9	255.9	NI	NI	6.0	20.7	0.4	40.3	0.9	270.6
	upper	0.9	0.0	68.9	14.9	255.9	NI	NI	6.0	20.7	0.4	40.3	0.9	270.6

NI: No information

Note, that the discharges to the North Sea (main body) are shown without the data of the river Elbe.

## Annex IV Statistical information on river catchment areas

### Statistical Information on River Catchment Areas

River	Catchment area [km <sup>2</sup> ]	Countries	Share in catchment area		Population (1990)		LTA*	LTA-period [a]
			[km <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[10E6]	[%]		
<b>Statistical Information provided by Belgium:</b>								
Coastal Area	2675							
Western	1689	<i>Belgium</i> <i>France</i>	>1082	NI NI	~0.497 >0,305	NI NI	2367 708	NI
Middle	499	<i>Belgium</i>			0.014		501	
Eastern	487	<i>Belgium</i>			0.177		1158	
Scheldt basin								
Scheldt	22004	<i>Belgium (1)</i> <i>France</i> <i>Netherlands (1)</i>	13324 6680 2000	61 30 9	~10 ~2,7 0.4		11139	1949-2008
Ghent-Terneuzen canal	NI	<i>(1) Ghent-Terneuzen canal comprised</i> <i>Belgium</i> <i>Netherlands</i>	NI NI		NI NI		1 885	1991-2008
<b>Statistical Information provided by Denmark:</b>								
Vid å	248.3	DK	248	81			300.5	78-07
Brøns å	94.1	DK	94	100		100	107.0	74-07
Ribe å	675	DK	675	100		100	756.6	33-07
Kongeåen	426.6	DK	427	100		100	627.0	90-07
Sneum å	223	DK	223	100		100	283.1	66-07
Varde å	815	DK	815	100		100	1048.8	69-07
Skjern å	1558.4	DK	1558	100		100	2108.2	74-07
Stor å	1096.7	DK	1097	100		100	1427.3	71-07
Brede å	290	DK	290	100		100	311.0	22-07
Omme å	612	DK	612	100		100	743.1	83-07
Grøn å	563	DK	563	100		100	606.2	59-07
Total	10809	<b>=Total of Danish rivers discharging to the North Sea</b>					8230	71-90
Liver å	249.8	DK	250	100		100	226.4	89-07
Uggerby å	347.5	DK	348	100		100	351.3	89-07
	1097	<b>=Total of Danish rivers discharging to the Skagerrak</b>					863	71-90
Karup å	626.8	DK	527	100		100	635.2	86-07
Jordbro å	110.9	DK	111	100		100	110.7	80-07
Skals å	556.4	DK	556	100		100	389.7	73-07
Simmersted å	214.9	DK	215	100		100	207.6	92-07
Elling å	132.2	DK	132	100		100	123.2	89-07
Voer å	238.7	DK	239	100		100	247.6	89-07
Ger å	153.8	DK	154	100		100	149.6	85-07
Lindeborg å	317.8	DK	318	100		100	310.3	83-07
Haslevgard å	75	DK	75	100		100	62.3	89-07
Kastbjerg å	96.3	DK	96	100		100	70.1	76-07
Guden å	2602.9	DK	2 603	100		100	2837.8	78-07
Ry å	285	DK	285	100		100	264.7	72-07
	15828	<b>=Total of Danish rivers discharging to the Kattegat</b>					5284	71-90

River	Catchment area [km <sup>2</sup> ]	Countries	Share in catchment area [%]	Population (1990) [10E6]	LTA* [%]	LTA-period [a]
<b>Statistical Information provided by France:</b>						
Coastal area	2308	France	100	0.61	100	2764 1989 - 2006
Canche	3895	France	100	0.38	100	4579 1961 - 2006
Somme	5916	France	100	0.59	100	3197 1963 - 2006
Béthune et Bresle	2153	France	100	0.16	100	2074 1998 - 2006
Saâne	1718	France	100	0.16	100	2938 1996 - 2006
Seine	64953	France	100	13.94	100	44842 1974 - 2006
Andelle	789	France	100	0.05	100	691 1972 - 2006
Eure	6023	France	100	0.60	100	2246 1971 - 2006
Coastal area	2439	France	100	0.93	100	1599 1989 - 2006
Risle	2545	France	100	0.16	100	1642 1976 - 2006
Dives	1815	France	100	0.11	100	1296 1968 - 2006
Douve	1474	France	100	0.08	100	625 1989 - 2006
Orne	2976	France	100	0.40	100	2506 1984 - 2006
Seulles	547	France	100	0.06	100	346 1970 - 2006
Touques	1311	France	100	0.10	100	1037 1981 - 2006
Vire	2077	France	100	0.15	100	2246 1993 - 2006
Coastal area	1302	France	100	0.16	100	1174 1989 - 2006
Sélune et Sée	1623	France	100	0.09	100	1987 1994 - 2006
Sienne	1135	France	100	0.09	100	1328 1989 - 2006
Aulne	4312	France	100	0.52	100	6653 1969 - 2006
Rance et Couesnon	2848	France	100	0.27	100	2160 1983 - 2006
Coastal area	4961	France	100	0.49	100	3654 1989 - 2006
	<b>119122</b>	=Total of rivers discharging in ZONE II		20.10		91 582
Blavet et Scorff	4649	France	100	0.50	100	5702 1982 - 2006
Coastal area	2868	France	100	0.32	100	4558 1989 - 2006
Vilaine	10144	France	100	0.90	100	5443 2001 - 2006
Coastal area	3636	France	100	0.82	100	2847 1989 - 2006
Loire	110178	France	100	6.67	100	73526 1868 - 2006
Sèvre Nantaise	4664	France	100	0.52	100	4234 1993 - 2006
Lay	4522	France	100	0.39	100	3456 1971 - 2006
Sèvre Niortaise	4363	France	100	0.42	100	4752 1992 - 2006
Coastal area	291	France	100	0.02	100	239 1989 - 2006
Boutonne	2141	France	100	0.14	100	1754 1989 - 2006
Charente	7526	France	100	0.43	100	5357 1979 - 2006
Coastal area	1172	France	100	0.09	100	446 1989 - 2006
Seudre	988	France	100	0.06	100	432 1971 - 2006
Eyre	2036	France	100	0.03	100	1814 1967 - 2006
Coastal area	2810	France	100	0.10	100	2264 1989 - 2006
Dordogne	14605	France	100	0.55	100	21859 1997 - 2006
Isle	8472	France	100	0.40	100	6912 1971 - 2006
Coastal area	870	France	100	0.09	100	647 1989 - 2006
Dropt	2672	France	100	0.21	100	1989 1989 - 2006
Garonne	38227	France	100	2.24	100	40003 1966 - 2006
Lot	11541	France	100	0.35	100	12614 2000 - 2006
Coastal area	3875	France	100	0.75	100	10983 1989 - 2006
Coastal area	3105	France	100	0.15	100	2501 1989 - 2006
Adour	7977	France	100	0.37	100	7690 1920 - 2006
Bidouze	1041	France	100	0.04	100	938 1989 - 2006
Gaves réunis	5504	France	100	0.32	100	17453 1925 - 2006
Luy	1367	France	100	0.10	100	1814 1966 - 2006
Nive	1153	France	100	0.12	100	3197 1968 - 2006
Coastal area	644	France	100	0.10	100	1825 1989 - 2006
	<b>263040</b>	=total of rivers discharging in ZONE IV		17.19		247 250
<b>Statistical Information provided by Germany:</b>						
Ems	15552	Germany	13152	85.00	3.75	7690 1941-2006
		Netherlands	2400	15.00	0.6	85 1941-2006
Weser	46306	Germany	-	-	9.0	- 31541 1941-2003
Elbe	148268	Germany	148268	100	25.11	- 74500 1926-2003
		Czech Republic	96932	65.38	19.09	76.03
		Austria	50176	33.84	5.97	23.78
		Poland	920	0.62	0.05	0.20
Eider	2065	Germany	240	0.16	NI	NI 2391 1974-2006
			-	-	0.159	-

# Comprehensive Study on Riverine Inputs and Direct Discharges (RID) – 2018 data report

River	Catchment area [km2]	Countries	Share in catchment area [km2]	Population (1990) [10E6]	LTA* [1000 m3/d]	LTA-period [a]
<b>Statistical Information provided by Ireland:</b>						
Boyne	2695	Ireland	-	NI	3280	1940-2006
Liffey	1256	Ireland	-	NI	1459	1900-2006
Avoca	652	Ireland	-	NI	1562.112	1986-2006
Slaney	1762	Ireland	-	NI	3208.032	1990-2006
	6365	<b>=Total of main Irish rivers discharging to the Irish Sea</b>				
Barrow	3067	Ireland	-	NI	3784.32	1996-2006
Nore	2530	Ireland	-	NI	3602.016	1972-2006
Suir	3610	Ireland	-	NI	5889.024	1972-2006
Blackwater	3324	Ireland	-	NI	7521.984	1955-2006
Lee	1253	Ireland	-	NI	3435.264	1957-2006
Bandon	608	Ireland	-	NI	1858	1975-2006
Deel	486	Ireland	-	NI	624.672	1982-2006
Maigue	1052	Ireland	-	NI	1513.728	1990-2006
Shannon Old Chan.	11700	Ireland	-	NI	4499.712	1990-2006
Shannon Tailrace		Ireland			13307.33	1947-2006
Fergus	1042	Ireland	-	NI	1 598	1956-2006
	28672	<b>=Total of main Irish rivers discharging to the Celtic Sea</b>				
Corrib	3138	Ireland	-	NI	9011.52	1973-06 excl. 86-90, 92-93
Moy	2086	Ireland	-	NI	5405.184	1974-2006
Erne	4372	Ireland/UK	2572/1800	60/40	7 333	1951-2006
	9596	<b>=Total of main Irish rivers discharging to the Atlantic</b>				
<b>Statistical Information provided by The Netherlands (with assistance from Germany and Belgium)</b>						
Rhine	185000	Switzerland	1) 28000	2) 55.6	4) 198720	1901-1995
		France	24000	3.0	6	
		Luxembourg	2500	3.7	7	
		Germany	105900	0.3	1	
		Netherlands	21000	32.5	65	
		Belgium	700	10.9	21	
		Austria	2500			
		Liechtenstein	300			
		Italy	100			
Meuse	33500	France	8500	3) 7.15	5) 28080	1911-1995
		Luxembourg	100	0.50		
		Belgium	13150	0.05		
		Germany	4300	2.00		
		Netherlands	7400	1.00		
Scheldt	22004	France	6680	~10	9331	1949-1995
		Belgium	13324	~2.7		
		Netherlands	2000	69		
Ems	15552	Germany	13152	~27	7690	1941-2006
		Netherlands	2400	4		
<b>Statistical Information provided by Norway:</b>						
Glomma (1)	41918	Norway	100.00	0.62	100	61350
Drammenselva (2)	17034	Norway	100.00	0.2	100	28850
Numedalslågen (3)	5577	Norway	100.00	0.04	100	10200
Skjenselva (4)	10772	Norway	100.00	0.11	100	23535
Otra (5)	3738	Norway	100.00	0.03	100	12870
	79039	<b>=Total of Norwegian rivers discharging to the Skagerrak</b>				
Orreelva (6)	105	Norway	100.00	0.01	100	335
Suldsalslågen (7)	1457	Norway	100.00	0.003	100	7420
	1562	<b>=Total of Norwegian rivers discharging to the North Sea</b>				
Orkla (8)	3053	Norway	100.00	0.02	100	5710
Vefsna (9)	4122	Norway	100.00	0.01	100	15655
	7175	<b>=Total of Norwegian rivers discharging to the Norwegian Sea</b>				
Altaelva (10)	7373	Norway	100.00	0.005	100	7495
	95149	<b>Total catchment for main rivers discharging to all four regions</b>				
	126706	<b>Total catchment for tributary rivers discharging to all four regions</b>				
	221855	<b>Total catchment for monitored rivers</b>				
<b>Statistical Information provided by Portugal:</b>						
Tejo	80149	Portugal	24380	30.8	2.89	32.0
		Spain	55769	69.2	6.14	68.0
Douro	97600	Portugal	18600	19.1	1.76	22500
		Spain	79000	80.9	2.28	40900
Miño/Minho	17000	Portugal	900	5.3	0.07	6000
		Spain	16100	94.7	0.86	29000

River	Catchment area [km <sup>2</sup> ]	Countries	Share in catchment area [km <sup>2</sup> ]	Population (1990) [%]	LTA* [1000 m <sup>3</sup> /d]	LTA-period [a]
<b>Statistical Information provided by Spain:</b>						
Oyarzun	74	Spain	74	100	0.055	100
Urola	266	Spain	266	100	0.176	100
Oria	860	Spain	860	100	0.020	100
Cadagua		Spain				
Asua		Spain				
Galindo		Spain				
Ibaizabal		Spain				
Urola	342	Spain	342	100	0.082	100
Deva	531	Spain	531	100	0.146	100
Artibay	106	Spain	106	100	0.016	100
Lea	81	Spain	81	100	0.010	100
Oca	132	Spain	132	100	0.022	100
Butron	175	Spain	175	100	0.024	100
Barbadun	135	Spain	135	100	0.020	100
Nervión	1764	Spain	1764	100	0.997	100
Pas	620	Spain	606	97		
Eo	818	Spain	715	87		
Saja	955	Spain	955	100	0.104	100
Nalón	4866	Spain	4866	100	0.539	100
Miera	291	Spain	291	100	0.016	100
Sella	1246	Spain	1246	100	0.035	100
Masma	291	Spain	291	100	0.014	100
Oro	189	Spain	189	100	0.007	100
Landro	270	Spain	270	100	0.017	100
Sor	202	Spain	202	100	0.007	100
Mera	127	Spain	127	100	0.007	100
Forcadas	68	Spain	68	100	0.000	100
Grande de Jubia	182	Spain	182	100	0.004	100
Belelle	60	Spain	60	100	0.003	100
Eume	470	Spain	470	100	0.013	100
Mandeo	457	Spain	457	100	0.039	100
Mero	345	Spain	345	100	0.042	100
Allones	516	Spain	516	100	0.049	100
Grande	283	Spain	283	100	0.002	100
Castro	140	Spain	140	100	0.004	100
Jallas	504	Spain	504	100	0.022	100
Tambre	1530	Spain	1530	100	0.059	100
Furelos		Spain				
Deza		Spain				
Traba	122	Spain	122	100	0.004	100
Ulla	2803	Spain	2803	100	0.104	100
	156	Spain	156	100		
Umia	440	Spain	440	100	0.052	100
Lerez	450	Spain	450	100	0.085	100
Verdugo	334	Spain	334	100	0.021	100
Minho	17247	Spain	16347	94.8	0.881	25716
		Portugal	900	5.2		1975-95
Duero	97670	Spain	78960	80.8	3.093	
		Portugal	18710	19.2		
Tajo	80190	Spain	55810	69.6	6.459	
		Portugal	24380	30.4		
Guadiana	67122	Spain	55597	82.8	1.800	8556
		Portugal	11525	17.2		1.912 - 1.995
Piedras	550	Spain	550	100	0.034	100
Odiel	2417	Spain	2417	100	0.211	100
Guadaira		Spain				
Tinto	1727	Spain	1727	100	0.090	100
Guadalquivir	63241	Spain	63241	100	4.966	100
Guadiamar						
Guadalete	3360	Spain	3360	100	0.555	100
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>356726</b>	Spain	<b>301093</b>	<b>84.4</b>	<b>20.907</b>	<b>NI</b>
		Portugal	55515	15.6	NI	70553
		TOTAL	356608	100		

Comprehensive Study on Riverine Inputs and Direct Discharges (RID) – 2018 data report

River	Catchment area [km <sup>2</sup> ]	Countries	Share in catchment area [km <sup>2</sup> ]	Population (1990) 2005	LTA* [1000 m <sup>3</sup> /d]	LTA-period [a]
<b>Statistical Information provided by Sweden:</b>						
Vege å (95)	498	Sweden	498	100	0.0430	100
Rönne å (96)	1890	Sweden	1890	100	0.0903	100
Stensån (97)	284	Sweden	284	100	0.0065	100
Lagan (98)	6444	Sweden	6444	100	0.1181	100
Genevadsån (99)	225	Sweden	225	100	0.0046	100
Fylleån (100)	359	Sweden	359	100	0.0092	100
Nissan (101)	2682	Sweden	2682	100	0.0834	100
Suseån (102)	441	Sweden	441	100	0.0074	100
Ätran (103)	3343	Sweden	3343	100	0.0657	100
Himleån (104)	214	Sweden	214	100	0.0127	100
Viskan (105)	2201	Sweden	2201	100	0.1236	100
Rolfsån (106)	723	Sweden	723	100	0.0281	100
Kungsbackaån (107)	310	Sweden	310	100	0.0404	100
Göta älv (108)	50230	Sweden	42780.00	85.20	0.8776	ni
		Norway	7450.00	14.80	ni	50530
	<b>69844</b>	<b>=Total of Swedish rivers discharging to the Kattegat</b>				
Bäveån (109)	302	Sweden	302	100	0.0226	100
Örekilsälven (110)	1327	Sweden	1327	100	0.0138	100
Strömsån (111)	253	Sweden	253	100	0.0056	100
Enningsdalsälven (112)	704	Sweden	704	100	0.0029	100
	<b>2586</b>	<b>=Total of Swedish rivers discharging to the Skagerrak</b>				
<b>Statistical Information provided by the United Kingdom:</b>						
Ness (SC2b)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-
Conon (SC2b)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-
Baeuly (SC2b)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-
Findhorn (SC2b)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-
Shin (SC2b)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-
Helmsdale (SC2b)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-
Naver (SC2b)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-
Thurso (SC2b)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-
Brora (SC2b)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-
Oykel (SC2b)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-
Nairn (SC2b)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-
Carron (Sutherland) (SC2b)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-
Wick (SC2b)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-
Halladale (SC2b)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-
Hope (SC2b)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-
Alness (SC2b)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-
Cassley (SC2b)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-
Fleet (SC2b)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-
Berriedale Water (Sc2b)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-
Borgie (SC2b)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-
Forss Water (SC2b)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-
Loch of Stenness (SC2b)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-
Glass (SC2b)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-
Strathy (Sc2b)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-
Mickle Burn (SC2b)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-
Dunbeath Water (SC2b)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-
Spey (SC3)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-
					5 600	NI

## UK cont.

River	Catchment area	Countries	Share in catchment area	Population (1990)	LTA*	LTA-period		
	[km <sup>2</sup> ]		[km <sup>2</sup> ]	[%]	[10E6]	[%]	[1000 m <sup>3</sup> /d]	[a]
Dee (Grampian) (SC3)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Don (SC3)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Deveron (SC3)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Ythan (SC3)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Ugie (SC3)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Bervie Water (SC3)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Lossie (SC3)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Tay (SC4)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	14 000	NI
Earn (SC4)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
North Esk (Tayside) (SC4)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
South Esk (Tayside) (SC4)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Eden SC4)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Lunan Water (SC4)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Dighty Water (SC4)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Tweed (SC5)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Forth (SC5)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	4 300	NI
Whiteadder Water (SC5)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Leven (Fife) (SC5)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Almond (SC5)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Esk (Lothian) (SC5)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Tyne (SC5)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	3 900	NI
Allan Water (SC5)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Devon (SC5)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Caron (Falkirk) (SC5)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Avon (SC5)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Eye Water (SC5)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Water of Leith (SC5)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Tweed (E1)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Coquet (E1)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Wansbeck (E1)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Blyth (E1)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Tyne (E2)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Derwent (E2)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Team (E2)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Wear (E3)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Skerne (E5)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Tees (E5)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
<b>Tot.N.Sea (N) catch.</b>	50000						89300	1960 to 1990
Aire (E8)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Derwent (E8)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Don (E8)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Ouse (E8)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Wharfe (E8)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Ancholme (E8)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Trent (E8)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	7800	NI
Idle (E8)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Welland (E9)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Nene (E9)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Ouse (E9)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Witham (E9)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Glan (E9)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Hundred Foot River (E9)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Ten Mile River (E9)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Bure (E10)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Wensum (E10)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Stour (E10)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Gipping (E10)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Waveney (E10)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Yare (E10)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Colne (E11)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Chalmer (E11)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Blackwater (E11)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Thames (E12)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	6700	NI

Comprehensive Study on Riverine Inputs and Direct Discharges (RID) – 2018 data report

UK Cont

Beam (E12)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Beverley Brook (E12)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Brent (E12)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Crane (E12)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Ingrebourne (E12)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Lee (E12)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Ravensbourne (E12)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Roding (E12)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Wandle (E12)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
<b>Tot.N.Sea (S) catch.</b>	<b>62000</b>							<b>32300</b>	<b>1960 to 1990</b>
Medway (E13)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Stour (E13)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	1130	NI
Rother (E13)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Adur (E14)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Ouse (E14)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Cuckmere (E14)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Arun (E14)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Itchen (E15)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Test (E15)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Blackwater (E15)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Frome (E16)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Stour (E16)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Avon (E16)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	1330	NI
Axe (E17)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Dart (E17)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Exe (E17)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	1360	NI
Gara (E17)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Otter (E17)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Teign (E17)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Cober (E18)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Erme (E18)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Fal (E18)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Fowey (E18)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Gara (E18)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Lynher (E18)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Par (E18)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Plym (E18)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Porthleven (E18)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
St Austel (E18)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Tavy (E18)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Tamar (E18)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	1940	NI
<b>Tot.Channel catch.</b>	<b>22000</b>							<b>16500</b>	<b>1960-1990</b>
Camel (E19)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Hayle (E19)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Menalhyl (E19)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Red River (E19)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Taw (Yeo) (E19)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Taw (2) (E20)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Torridge (E20)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Parrett (E21)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Tone (E21)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Bristol Avon (E22)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Severn (2) (E22)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	9100	NI
Wye (E23)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	6200	NI
Usk (E23)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Rhymney (E23)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Ely (E23)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Afon Lwyd (E23)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Ebbw Fawr (E23)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Taff (E23)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Cadoghton (E24)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Neath (E24)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Ogmore (E24)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Thaw (E24)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Tawe (E24)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Ewenny (E24)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Nant Y Fendrod (E24)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Thaw Kenson (E24)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Dafen (E25)	NI	-	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI

## UK Cont.

W Cleddau (E25)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Tywi (E25)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	3700	NI
Taf (E25)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Loughor (E25)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
<b>Tot.Celtic S. catch.</b>	<b>32000</b>						<b>36400</b>	<b>1960-1990</b>
Teifi (E26)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Ystwyth (E26)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Rheidol (E26)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Mawddach (E26)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Dyfi (E26)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Glaslyn (E26)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Afon Goch (2) (E27)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Clwyd (E27)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Cefni (E27)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Conwy (E27)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Dee (E27)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	3020	NI
Nant Glyndyr (E27)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Alt (E28)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Mersey (E28)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	3540	NI
Weaver (E28)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Darwen (E29)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Douglas (E29)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Ribble (E29)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Kent (E29)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Lune (E29)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	3020	NI
Wyre (E29)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Leven (E29)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Derwent (E30)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Eden (E30)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	4320	NI
Nith (SC1)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Annan (SC1)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Dee (Solway) (SC1)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Esk (Solway) (SC1)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Cree (SC1)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Bladnoch (SC1)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Water of Luce (SC1)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Urr Water (SC1)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Lochar Water (SC1)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Newry (NI2)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Quoile (NI2)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Lagan (NI2)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
<b>Tot.Irish Sea catch.</b>	<b>35000</b>						<b>48400</b>	<b>1960-1990</b>
Clyde (SC2)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	4 000	NI
Awe (SC2)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Leven (Loch Lomond (SC2)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Ayr (SC2)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Irvine (SC2)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Kelvin (SC2)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Stinchar (SC2)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Doon (SC2)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Water of Girvan (SC2)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
White Cart Water (SC2)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Garnock (SC2)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI

Comprehensive Study on Riverine Inputs and Direct Discharges (RID) – 2018 data report

UK cont.

Etive (SC2)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Eachaig (SC2)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Black Cart Water (SC2)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Gryfe (SC2)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Add (SC2)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Lochy (SC2a)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	5 400	NI
Ewe (SC2a)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Shiel (SC2a)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Leven (Lochaber) (SC2a)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Morar (SC2a)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Inver (SC2a)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Carron (Wester Ross (SC	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Gruinard (SC2a)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Broom (SC2a)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Kirkcraig (SC2a)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Ling (SC2a)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Laxford (SC2a)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Abhainn Ghriomarstaith	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Aline (SC2a)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Loch Linnhe (SC2a)	NI	-	-	-	NI	-	NI	NI
Bush (NI1)	NI				NI		NI	NI
Bann (NI1)	NI				NI		7900	NI
Roe (NI1)	NI				NI		NI	NI
Faughan (NI1)	NI				NI		NI	NI
Burn Dennet NI1	NI				NI		NI	NI
Mourne (NI1)	NI				NI		NI	NI
Finn (NI1)	NI				NI		NI	NI
<b>Tot.Atlantic catchm.</b>		42000					49700	1960-1990

\*) LTA = Long-term average



The Aspect  
12 Finsbury Square  
London EC2A 1AS  
United Kingdom

t: +44 (0)20 7430 5200  
f: +44 (0)20 7242 3737  
e: [secretariat@ospar.org](mailto:secretariat@ospar.org)  
[www.ospar.org](http://www.ospar.org)

**OSPAR's vision is of a clean, healthy and biologically diverse  
North-East Atlantic used sustainably**

ISBN:978-1-911458-98-2  
Publication Number: 759/2020

© OSPAR Commission, 2020. Permission may be granted by the publishers for the report to be wholly or partly reproduced in publications provided that the source of the extract is clearly indicated.

© Commission OSPAR, 2020. La reproduction de tout ou partie de ce rapport dans une publication peut être autorisée par l'Editeur, sous réserve que l'origine de l'extrait soit clairement mentionnée.